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The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE

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VOL. XXII NO. 64

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1934

TWELVE PAGES

ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS IN OCTOBER?

House Of Landlords Throws Out Bakhle's Bill

MOVE FOR SETTLEMENT

Sholapur City Fathers Discuss Mill Strike Situation

PEACE PARLEYS

Chairman of Municipality and Mr. Lang Charged with Peace Mission.

SHOLAPUR, March 15.

The total attendance of the four mills which have been working partially ever since last week, registered to-day an increase of about 200 over yesterday's total. About 6,700 operatives were on work to-day. Strategic points in the City continue to be guarded by armed police. The Mills will remain closed to-morrow on account of the Hindu New Year Day.

NEW LABOUR UNION.

The strikers held a meeting this morning at which one of the speakers announced that a new Labour Union would shortly be established in the town. Not only the mill-operatives, but also other classes of labourers would be admitted as members.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the City-Fathers and prominent citizens called yesterday evening by the Municipal President, Mr. Jakkal, in the Municipal Office, the subject of the strike and the desirability of forming a small and influential committee to mediate between the mill authorities and the strikers, with a view to reaching an amicable settlement in respect of the 12-12 per cent. wage-cut, was discussed at length. The question of recognition of the Local Labour Union was also discussed.

GRADED CUT.

Mr. Long of the Christ Seva Mandir, suggested that the wages should be a graded one and be applied to even mill officers, and workers getting less than Rs. 25 per month should be exempted.

"FAKED STRIKE."

Mr. Hier, Manager of the Criminal Tribes Settlement, explained the working of Trade Unions in other countries and remarked that the present strike was a faked labour trouble, fomented by outside elements.

Rao Bahadur Dr. Mulay explained the circumstances leading to the wage-cut and observed that a conciliation board would not serve any purpose. He, however, proposed that the meeting should authorise the Municipal President and Mr. Long to discuss matters with strike-leaders as well as the mill managements and then prepare a statement in the light of these discussions and place it for consideration at the next meeting. The proposal was unanimously accepted.—A.P.

QUIT ORDER ON DELHI JOURNALIST

NEW DELHI, March 15.

Police have served a notice on an employee of a local newspaper office, under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, to quit Delhi within 24 hours.

The C.I.D. searched three houses in connection with alleged revolutionary activities.—A.P.

On Thursday the Three Papers Fund had reached the total of

Rs. 1,92,500

GOVERNMENT LETS DOWN TENANTS

Mover's Plea For Neutrality Goes Unheeded

Within a day after the utterance of the Finance Member describing the local Council as representing the landlords, legislation brought forward with a view to protect the tenants was thrown out by the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday.

The bill moved by Mr. R. R. Bakhle to control the rents in the presidency and reduce them to the extent of 25 per cent was defeated by a narrow majority of 6 votes.

On the plea that rents had been showing a downward trend and that there was ample housing accommodation in the city, Government made a dead set against the bill, and the eloquent appeal of Mr. Bakhle asking Government to maintain an attitude of neutrality remained unheeded.

The cause of the tenants was ably advocated by Mr. Bakhle and the failure of the bill can only be attributed to the weakness of the Opposition. To this weakness, the mover made a reference in replying to the debate when he bitterly attacked Government for betraying an attitude of "caring two pence for the Opposition."

BAKHLE'S COMPLAINT

Mr. Bakhle's complaint that he should have been allowed to have the last say on debate and that Government should have declared its attitude beforehand to enable him to meet Government's arguments seemed to be justifiable.

The Home Member, however, treated the matter lightly by remarking that it was the policy of Government to give full scope to non-official members to air their views first, when considering non-official business.

Anyhow, there is no doubt that the measure would have been passed had Government remained neutral, and as Mr. Bakhle pointed out that of the 24 members who spoke on the bill, only six opposed it.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Discussion on the first reading of the Bill to control rents in the Bombay Presidency moved by Mr. R. R. Bakhle was resumed in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday.

Rao Bahadur S.K. Bole supported the Bill. He thought that the Bill would give some amount of relief in these times of depression and unemployment.

Mr. N.N. Patil (Kolaba Distt.) said that the Bill was necessary to protect thousands of tenants, who lived in one-room tenements.

KAMAT OPPOSES. Mr. B.S. Kamat (Nominated Non-official) opposed the Bill in a lengthy speech he said the population in the Presidency had not increased since 1921 and there was no insufficient housing accommodation to justify the passing of the Bill.

He characterised the policy of Government interference in a matter of that sort as shortsighted and suicidal.

Mr. L.R. Gokhale (Poona) said that, due to depression, there was not only unemployment in Bombay, but the wages of many workers had been materially reduced. The census report showed that 80 per cent. of the population lived in one-room tenements.

GILDER REMINDS THEM OF IT. Dr. M.D. Gilder in supporting the Bill said that the facts and figures quoted by Mr. Bakhle in urging the adoption of the Bill had not been challenged. He asked the house to remember the statement made by the Leader of the House, Sir Gulamhussein Hidayatullah, that the Council was a house of landlords (laughter). "Even in this house of landlords, out of about 18 speakers only four or five have spoken against the Bill," he added.

Rev. R.S. Modak (Nominated Non-official) also supported the Bill. Mr. B. P. Wadke said that a measure like the rent bill should have been brought forward some years ago as it would have minimised the miseries of the harassed tenants.

"LEGALISED LOOT?" Mr. Pestanshah Vakil (Ahmedabad) said that a case for State intervention in the matter of rents had not been made by the mover of the bill. The Bill, if passed, would be a legalised loot of the landlords.

Dr. M.K. Dixit (Surat) supported the Bill, but did not agree with Mr. Bakhle with the scope of the Bill.

GOVT. DO NOT PLAY GAME. Before replying to the debate Mr. R. R. Bakhle desired to know if any of the Government members would speak indicating their attitude towards the Rent Bill. It would enable him to reply to the arguments of Government.

When the Home Member declined to accede to his request and reserved his remarks, Mr. Bakhle bitterly complained about the utter indifference and callousness of Government towards the non-official members of the House. He would have expected Government to at least indicate their attitude in a matter of such importance, but it now appeared to him that "Government cared a tuppence" for the Opposition. In a House, where the Opposition was strong Government Benches would have been brought to their knees to state their views in order to enable the Opposition to reply to Government.

Out of the 24 members, who had spoken on the Bill Mr. Bakhle said no less than 18 members had supported his Bill, and only 6 members had opposed it. He did not anticipate any danger from those who had taken part in the debate, but danger always came from those who were silent and shy.

REPLY TO PETIT.

Mr. Bakhle then replied to the argument of Mr. Petit that the Bill sought to put artificial restrictions on the normal operations of laws of supply and demand and that principle of State intervention underlying the Bill was revolutionary. He pointed out that the principle had already been accepted by Government in 1918. Mr. Petit and his friends had been crying themselves hoarse for protection to the textile industry, and as a result, they were enjoying protection. Mr. Bakhle asked whether such a policy by Government was not State intervention.

Before these misfortunes, Oxford were hailed as one of the best Oxford crews for years, but the last fortnight was very trying and only numbers 3 and 5 rowed unchanged, the last straw being the withdrawal of Ellison owing to throat trouble. Sutcliffe is the improvement on Holdsworth at the stroke. The crew now rowing has more confidence, but not up to the standard. Cambridge, who, although, as curiously not showing easy action so

noticeable at the going and on cam, are considered equal to the high standard of the previous Cambridge crews. The race starts at 2/20.

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GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

Officers To Prepare Electoral Rolls By May

SUSPICION IN POLITICAL CIRCLES

The "Bombay Chronicle" understands that the Bombay Government have issued instructions to the District Officers to prepare electoral rolls of Assembly-voters and submit the same in May.

It is understood that elections to the Legislative Assembly will take place in early October.

Though it was originally given out that elections to the Assembly would be decided after the return of the Viceroy from his London Mission, this plan seems to have been changed, in view of the latest timetable of the White Paper publication. The Joint Select Committee have arranged to adjourn from March 28 till April 17, to scrutinise the draft report so that it would be in the hands of the Cabinet before May 20.

AS POLITICAL CIRCLES VIEW IT

The new elections will be held under the terms of the Montford Constitution, with a view to canvass support to the White Paper Reforms. This decision to conduct the Assembly elections in October seems to have been taken, because there is no chance of the Federation materialising in the near future.

Political circles suspect that the latest move of the Government is governed by two motives. They think that:

- (1) Government want to insure the new Constitution against what Sir Malcolm Hailey picturesquely characterised as "Pacific Goths and Constitutional Huns."
- (2) And to advertise to the world that the Nation has given its unanimous verdict in favour of the White Paper Constitution.

Stop Press

STUDENTS' FIGHT

(Special Cable).

SOFA, March 15. The examination standard of the Sofia University had been fixed too high, in the opinion of 500 students whose agitation culminated in the declaration of a general strike. The heated feeling was responsible for a battle among the students in which 30 were injured. The authorities threaten to close the University if the strike materialises.

MRS. INSULL IN POLICE STATION

(Special Cable).

ATHENS, March 15. Mrs. Insull was taken to the police station for questioning her as regards the disappearance of her husband.

She declares that she is unaware of his destination. Two maidservants and one man-servant are also detained in connection with the flight.

INTER-VARSITY BOAT RACE

(Special Cable).

LONDON, March 15. Cambridge are the hot favourites for the boat race and Oxford are hardly given a chance by critics. Oxford are handicapped by the innumerable enforced changes through indisposition and examinations.

Before these misfortunes, Oxford were hailed as one of the best Oxford crews for years, but the last fortnight was very trying and only numbers 3 and 5 rowed unchanged, the last straw being the withdrawal of Ellison owing to throat trouble. Sutcliffe is the improvement on Holdsworth at the stroke. The crew now rowing has more confidence, but not up to the standard. Cambridge, who, although, as curiously not showing easy action so

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Gandhiji Completes Study Of 'Quake Disaster



Mahatma Gandhi snapped in the midst of Harijans at Bijapur.

Mahatma To Guide Bihar Relief Work

OLD CHAMPARAN DAYS RECALLED

MOTIHARI, March 15.

Mahatma Gandhi finished his tour programme of the interior of Champaran District, when he returned here at 12 noon after covering 50 miles.

He attended this evening the District Relief Workers' Conference, after inspecting the damage in the City.

In the course of this morning's tour, Gandhiji was shown the gaping fissures extending over a quarter of a mile in the village of Pakridayal, which appeared to be wide and deep enough to swallow up elephants.

In another village, Gandhiji was accosted by a young man, claiming to be a playmate of Mr. Devidas Gandhi, when he was here during Gandhiji's Champaran Movement.

In response to the query about Devidas, Mahatmaji said that Devidas was quite alright, but he had grown much bigger than he had seen him.—United Press.

RELIEF COMMITTEE MEETING

Mahatma To Guide Deliberations

PATNA, March 15.

As already announced the Central Relief Committee's meeting will be held on March 18 at 2 p.m. Gandhiji will be there to help to guide the deliberations. Pandit Malaviya also is expected.

The present agenda of the meeting are—

- (1) President's statements.
- (2) Resolution on the Committee's object.
- (3) Election of the Executive Committee and appointment of Auditors.
- (4) Resolution on the functions and power of the Office-bearers and the Executive Committee and
- (5) Resolution on general line of Relief and Reconstruction.—United Press.

TOUR OF CHAMPARAN.

MOTIHARI, March 15.

After covering 80 miles in car through the affected areas of some parts of Muzaffarpur and Champaran Districts, Mahatmaji reached Motihari last night, and stopped at the Central Relief Committee's Camp. He left early this morning for the interior of Champaran District.

The area between Kesharia and Motihari appeared very seriously damaged, most of the cultivable land being covered with thick layer of sands, thrown up through the fissures.

Although every attempt was made to keep back the news of Mahatmaji's present tour a huge crowd flocked to every important centre to catch a glimpse of Mahatmaji.—United Press.

MAHATMA TO ADDRESS MEETING

PATNA, March 15.

Mahatma Gandhi addresses a public meeting at Mangle's Tank in Patna City, on March 21, at 3 p.m.—United Press.

INSULL MYSTERY

Disappears From Athens At Dead Of Night Without 'Visa'

NO TRACE LEFT.

Government Problem To Secure Passport "Visa" Is Thus Solved.

ATHENS, Mar. 15.

Mr. Samuel Insull mysteriously disappeared during the night, and there is no trace of his whereabouts. He has thus apparently solved for the authorities, the problem of getting him Visa to leave the country. Before his disappearance it was discovered that efforts were concentrated on getting him away by the Simpon Express to-night. —Reuter's Special.

NO VISA FOR INSULL

ATHENS, Mar. 15.

The Government has failed to secure visa for any other country for Mr. Samuel Insull who was due to leave Greece at midnight. No force would be used to remove him, but plans are not revealed.—Reuter's Special.

NO HARIJAN FUNDS FOR RELIEF

MOTIHARI, March 15.

The special representative of the United Press, who has been touring with Mahatmaji, having drawn his attention to the report of an interview with him by a representative of the "Statesman" at Allahabad, purporting to say that Mahatmaji proposed the utilising of a part of the funds he had collected for the relief of the Harijan sufferers in Bihar, Gandhiji said: "The report is entirely misleading. What I said was: 'If the Harijan sufferers in Bihar needed special help, apart from others, the Central Board of the Servants of Untouchables' Society would have to consider how it could be rendered.'"

Continuing Mahatma Gandhi said: "But that would mean that the Bihar Central Relief Committee had neglected the Harijan sufferers in the affected areas."

"I am quite sure that such occasion would never arise, because the Central Relief Committee as at present constituted, is well able to take care of the Harijan sufferers in Bihar."—United Press.

TRUTH BEHIND BIHAR 'QUAKE

MOTIHARI, March 15.

In course of a short address to the huge crowd that gathered at the Relief Committee Camp compound, this afternoon, Gandhiji reiterated his conviction that sufferings of Bihar were due to the sin of the whole of India.

Bihar is further stated Mahatmaji, is a part of the whole country, and it is not unusual that one part of a body suffered for the sin of the whole, although at first sight, the manifestation might not be traced to the cause.—United Press.

BIHAR FUND TOTAL

PATNA, March 15.

The Bihar Central Relief Committee Funds to-day total Rs. 21,05,013-7-5, including the sum of Rs. 1,551-1-0 received from the Singapore Indian Merchants' Association.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

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Strawboards of various cut sizes and various thickness. Apply to Kuver Ltd., Wakfield House, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (2155).

A commodious flat in Cullandas Buildings at Gowalla Park Road to let. Apply on the premises. 2138.

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Wanted a second-hand sea-going launch for the Port of Mouline for survey work in the Salween River. The dimensions of the launch should approximately be as follows:—
Length O.A. — 114' — 0"
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Breadth (Mid.) — 22' — 0"
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For further particulars application should be made to the Port Officer, Mouline.

PORT OFFICER.

Mouline, Mouline.

8103

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Public Notices

NOTICE

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED. (Incorporated in England). NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 23rd March to 7th April, both days inclusive.

8099

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the AUCTION SALE held on the 2nd day of December, 1933, by Messrs. Gandhi and Co., Auctioneers under instructions of Mr. Damodaras V. Mehta, the Mortgagee on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mrs. Umabai D'Souza the property hereunder shortly described was purchased by our client Mr. Peter Fulgence D'Souza of Bombay.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived and abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.
Two pieces of Fazandari lands at Matharpacady, Mazagaon, outside the Fort of Bombay and admeasuring 220 and 171 square yards and forming part of a large piece of land bearing Collectors Old No. 13 New No. 1624. Old Survey Nos. 14, 15, 16, 20, 21, 24 and 26 and New Survey Nos. 3695, 3698 and 3702 and bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 438 and 439 respectively Mazagaon Division together with buildings thereon bearing Municipal E Ward Nos. 5935 and 5936 and Street Nos. 55 and 56 respectively.

Dated this 15th day of March, 1934.

MALVI RANCHODDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

7101

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & Co

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 235 BALES COTTON C. P. NO. 1.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 16th March, 1934, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at the Cotton Depot, Sewree, near the Cotton Exchange room, on account of the concerned the abovementioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salvaged from the fire that occurred in the Alexandra Dock to cotton of Messrs. the Patel Cotton Coy., Ltd.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirement of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.,

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BENNETT & Co.

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AUCTION SALE OF VACANT PIECE OF VALUABLE LAND, AT 1ST PASTA LANE, COLABA AND VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT TARDEO ROAD NEAR GRANT ROAD POST OFFICE AND GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for Mr. F.E. Dinshaw and Mr. Dinshaw K. Dail, the Executors of the late Mr. Pooranlal Goolji Shingane, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction the following properties on the dates mentioned below:—

(TO-DAY) FRIDAY, the 16th March, 1934, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises:—

LOT NO. 1—ALL that piece of leasehold land at Colaba, admeasuring about 333-13 square yards bearing Municipal 'A' Ward No. 513; Street No. 9 and bounded on the South-East by the property of Dharamsey Lakshmidas, on the South-West by a public passage, on the North-East by Colaba Co.'s road and on the North-West by property of Marwady Jasseeram Sewalljee.

On FRIDAY, the 23rd March, 1934 at 5 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises:—

LOT NO. 2—ALL that piece of leasehold land with dwelling house at Tardeo Road, admeasuring about 648 square yards, bearing Municipal 'D' Ward No. 3688 (13). Street No. 21-A-A-C and bounded on the North and South by private roads leading to and from Tardeo Road and from and into Anjirbag estate; on the East by a certain other piece of land being part of Anjirbag estate and on the West by Tardeo Road.

On THURSDAY, the 29th March, 1934, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises:—

LOT No. 3—ALL that piece of land with dwelling house at Girgaum Back Road, admeasuring about 551 sq. yards, bearing Municipal 'D' Ward No. 1301-(A), 1303-(2), Street Nos. 150, 152, 152-A and 1-A and bounded on the East by the property of Narandas Thackersey Mulji; on the West by private passage and property of Manekbai, widow of Lalji Narotandas, on the North by Girgaum Back Road, and on the South by the property of Amarchand Madhavji.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Executors, of the late Mr. P. G. Shingane, at Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

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Steamers	Tons	Leave
Kashima Maru	10000	15 March
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HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers	Tons	Leave
Chichibu Maru	17500	4 April
Tatsuma Maru	17000	18 Apr.

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Steamers	Tons	Leave
Hiye Maru	11600	7 April
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ALLEGED PERJURY

Paul And Patole Witnesses In Dadar Murder Trial To Be Arraigned

As an offshoot of the Dadar Colony murder case, an application was made by Mr. J. C. Forbes, before Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court Sessions on Thursday morning.

Mr. Forbes asked for the court's permission to prosecute for perjury two witnesses who gave evidence in the sessions trial held before the same judge, of Henry Zaoba Salve and his cousin Sevantibai who were sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Mrs. Freney Taraporewalla residing at the Dadar Parsi Colony.

In this case, Samuel John Paul and Isaac Patole, two witnesses called by the prosecution, had denied certain statements they had made earlier during the enquiry, and were cross-examined by the prosecution counsel with the court's permission.

The application on Thursday was for the Court's sanction to prosecute Paul and Patole on the charge of perjury.

Asked whether he had anything to say, Patole said that what he had stated at the Sessions trial was the whole truth and what he had told the magistrate was untrue. Paul tendered a written statement.

His lordship remarked that both had admitted in their evidence at the Sessions that they had perjured themselves.

The application was granted, the judge directing the arrest of Paul. Patole was already in custody.

Late Dr. Prabhakar

The death is announced of Dr. N. G. Prabhakar, a well-known medical practitioner of Bombay, which took place at his residence at Mahalaxmi on the 6th instant.

Dr. Prabhakar who was hale and hearty was found dead in his bed at 5 p.m. on the 6th instant and was cremated the following day.

The deceased was the son of the late Dr. G. B. Prabhakar, a well-known occultist in Bombay and a professor of the Grant Medical College. He leaves behind him one son and two daughters.

THE JOY OF NEW YEAR!

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WHERE YOU WILL FIND THE BEST MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

DIGWEE CINETONE'S DEVOTIONAL PRODUCTION

Saint TULSIDAS

(IN HINDI)

THE STRIKING LOVE-STORY IN THE LIFE OF THIS GREAT POET-SAINT

MUSIC THAT YOU RARELY

HEAR IN INDIAN TALKIES!

TIME:—2-30, 5, 7-45, 10-30 p.m.

SEASON'S BEST ATTRACTION

PARAMOUNT MOVIE TONE

Presents

A Super Gorgeous Stunt Picture

THIEF OF BAGDAD

Featuring

SHIRAZ, IBRAHIM, MOTI, VIMALA and others

Thrilling Scenes—Magic Carpet Stunts thrills, comedy, etc.

Commencing from TO-MORROW

At

KRISHNA CINEMA

NEW CHARNI ROAD

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports & Imports

ARRIVALS.

March 15.
Havildar, Hill, Calcutta.
Strathaird, Townshend, London.

California, Smart, Liverpool.
Warla, Clarks, Karachi.
Varela, Mooltan, Busrah.

March 16.
Strathaird, Townshend, Sydney.

LOADING.

March 15.
Steamer London Maru for Kobe.
Steamer Vasna for Busrah.
Steamer Moldavia for London.
Steamer Carignano for Trieste.

ENGLISH MAIL STEAMER
S.S. Strathaird.—The P and O S N Coy's English Mail steamer Strathaird, arrived in harbour on Thursday from London, with the outward mails of the 1st instant, a general cargo and 183 passengers and hence she will sail to-day at about (8 A.M.) for Sydney, etc., with mails, a same bottom cargo and through passengers.

S.S. Havildar.—The T M Coy's steamer Havildar, arrived in harbour on Thursday from Calcutta, with a cargo of 6969 tons coal.

S.S. California.—The Graham T. Coy's steamer California, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, with 2 general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Warla.—The B I S N Coy's steamer Warla, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with ballast.

S.S. Varela.—The B I S N Coy's steamer, Varela, sailed yesterday for Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, March 15.
S.S. Kaiser-i-Hind for London:—14 bags chirata, 28 bags henna leaves, 35 bags apricot kernels M. Pragli; 1 bale animal skins A A Hirjee and Co.; 50 bales woollen rags and 80 bags cotton rags M. Nissim; 28 bags mustard seed F F Campbell and Co.

S.S. Tarantia for Liverpool:—22 bales wool raw D Sassoon and Co.; 15 bales wool raw K Lalbhai; 700 bags groundnuts Zoyeb Bros; 1900 bags myrabolium H Bhagvandas and Co.

For Manchester:—101 bales cotton yarn waste Chimanlal and Sons; 50 bales cotton fly M Chandel and Co.; 5 bales cotton

yarn Elphinstone S and W Mills, Ltd.

For Glasgow:—120 bags ground-nuts Zoyeb Bros.

For Afo:—25 drums castor oil Swastika Oil Mills Ltd.

S.S. Gierfels for Hamburg:—28 bags gum karaya N Moolji & Co.; 210 bags gum karaya J Mansi; 27 bales cotton fly M Chandulal and Co.; 55 bales cotton fly G M Vyas and Co.; 75 bales hemp M G Abdulhussein and Co.; 100 drums castor oil Swastika Oil Mills

For Antwerp:—100 bales hemp B Premji and Co.; 605 bales cotton raw Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.; 275 bales cotton raw B Carsondas and Co.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw B Carsondas and Co.

For Passages:—60 bales cotton raw B Carsondas and Co.

S.S. Carignano for Trieste:—50 bales cotton fly V P Maskal; 55 bales cotton fly Textile Products Ltd.

For Venice:—800 bags castor seed R Ratilal and Co.; 12 bales animal skins D Abraham and Sons.

For Fume:—4612 bags gingelly seed L Dreyfus and Co.

S.S. Jeff Davis for Philadelphia:—1600 bags myrabolium J Moolchand and Co.

S.S. Shunko

SPECIAL MATINEE SHOW
TO-DAY AT 3-30
for the festive GODI PADVO

LAST DAY TO-DAY
to see the most hilarious, rollicking funny
MUSICAL COMEDY

Roman Scandals

with the screen's best-loved comedian

EDDIE CANTOR

In a riot of fun, frolic and laughter!

THREE SHOWS TO-DAY at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
BOOK EARLY to avoid the rush

WELLINGTON

DHOBI TALAO.—Plans open.—Phone 22666.

But now you can
Cure your teeth

from within—
and conquer other
complaints too.

Many troubles have the
same cause as tooth-decay:
**FREQUENT HEADACHES
HAIR FALLING OUT
SKIN TROUBLE
FEMININE
COMPLAINTS**

This booklet mentioned
below will tell you
where these troubles



**Remember — teeth are
living parts of your body
and may be ill through lack of
proper nourishment: Calcium**

You can no more clean away
tooth-decay than you can bathe
away headache. It is necessary
to keep your teeth clean, but in
addition you must strengthen them
with Kalzana.

Kalzana conquers the lack of vital
elements which is the real cause
of tooth-decay. It will make your
teeth strong and white again, and
will prevent decay. It will do you
a world of good in other ways too,
because it banishes all forms of
ill-health due to lack of calcium
in the body.

Get Kalzana to-day and overcome your
troubles. Write to-day for the Booklet and
Free Sample and read how Kalzana works
and in what circumstances it can help you
and your family. Fill in the coupon
underneath.

FREE SAMPLE

Write your name and address
at the foot of the advertisement
and send us this coupon or send
a postcard and you will receive
a sample tube of Kalzana with
interesting booklet on Health
Problems entirely free.

Kalzana

At all Chemists and Bazaars.

The Mineral Food for Better Health

Fill in
and send
to-day

Name _____
Address _____

Send to Dept. B.C. 13
MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Rowlette Building, PRINSEP ST., CALCUTTA.

IN WEAKNESS
DEBILITY

ANAEMIA

use
Deschiens' Syrup

Already 30,000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy
ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.
INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France).

Dr. B. N. DESAI, L.M.&S.
Cures
Radically

HYDROCELE

In 15 minutes. In Bombay every month from 1st to 6th
IN SIRDAR GRHA (HOTEL), CRAWFORD MARKET.
For Booklet of details and cert. send 3 annas stamps.

(Vadifalia, SURAT)
Without
Operation



A group photo of the newly constituted Medical Council of India. Major-Gen. C. A. Sprawson is seated in the centre.

THROUGH LOVE FOR HIS FRIEND

Suicide's Hope That He
May Be Reborn In
Friend's Family

"REPUBLICAN ARMY"
CHIEF

TAKES FATAL DOSE OF OPIUM
AFTER SEPARATION FROM
COMPANION.

Intense love for a boy friend
whose father would not allow them
to associate with each other,
drove a 30-year-old Hindu named
M. H. Shroff to commit suicide by
taking a fatal dose of opium on
Tuesday evening.

In a letter to the police, sent
before taking the dose, which was
read to the jury at the inquest
held by the Coroner on Thursday,
Shroff had stated that he could
not do anything without his friend.

Shroff described himself as the
Secretary of the Bombay Rash-
triya Seva Sangh, soldier of the
Akali Dal and Chief of the India
Republican Army (Bombay Sec-
tion). The letter further stated
that the friend was at present on
a pilgrimage in Junagadh and
that the writer of the letter could
not do any national service with-
out the friend.

"I am going to the next world
with the wish that I should be
reborn in my friend's family as his
child so that I shall be able to
serve him," said Shroff in his let-
ter.

The Paiton Road Police, received
the letter on Tuesday morning
and sent out a constable for enqui-
ries. As the name of the writer's
residence had been given in the
letter as "Hindu Modern Hotel"
and as there was no such Hotel
in that section, the policeman
could not trace the place. He went
to the Modern Hindu hotel the next morning
and knocked at Shroff's door on the
second floor of the building. There
being no response the door was
forced open, when Shroff was found
dead on a cot.

"A man fighting for the free-
dom of his country has given free-
dom to his soul," remarked the
Coroner at the conclusion of the
inquest.

The jury recorded a verdict of
death by a suicidal dose of opium.

KARACHI PRINCIPAL GOES ON 6 DAYS' FAST

To Draw Public Attention
To "Manifest Injustice"

KARACHI, March 14.
Six days' fast with a view to
drawing public attention to the
public to some alleged inequities in
the educational administration of
the country, has been resorted to
by Mr. B. J. Vaswani, M.A., Prin-
cipal of the Central Tutorial In-
stitute, Karachi.

In a statement to the press
Principal Vaswani says, in July
last, he started a small school for
matriculation candidates, and
knowing that the difference be-
tween the sixth and seventh
standard courses was three months
and not one year, he declassified it,
as his policy was that he would
train even the sixth standard stu-
dents for matriculation to give
much-needed relief to parents and
enable the youngsters to make an
early start in life.

FLUTTER IN EDUCATIONAL
DOVECOTS.

But this policy caused quite a
flutter in the dove-cots of educa-
tional orthodoxy, and headmas-
ters combined to break up my
class. Pressure was brought to
bear on approved schools all over
Sind to refuse admission to sixth
standard boys in the preliminary
examination conducted by such
schools for private candidates.

Mr. Vaswani concludes that in
face of such manifest injustice he
is convinced that the only way to
meet this menace to educational
experiment and to redress wrong
done to the unfortunate victims
of vested interests in education
was to go on fast.—A.P.

The Singapore airmail arrived in
Karachi at 1-30 a.m. on Thursday
and the outward airmail left at 9-20
a.m. with six passengers.



Miss Masako Kuroda,
the daughter of a Ja-
panese nobleman, who
is shortly to marry
Prince Ababa of Ethio-
pia.

ADVOCATE-GENERAL
ON LEAVE

Mr. V. F. Taraporewala
To Act

Sir Jamshedji Behramji Kanga,
LL.B., Advocate-General, Bombay,
is granted leave on half pay from
the 24th March to 30th August,
1934, or from such other date as
he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Vicaji Fardunji Tarapore-
wala, Barrister-at-Law, to act as
Advocate-General, Bombay, vice
Sir Jamshedji Kanga.

Mr. W. P. Shepherd-Barron, M.C.,
M.Inst.C.E., Chief Engineer, Kara-
chi Port Trust, to act temporarily
as Chairman, Karachi Port Trust,
vice Mr. E. M. Duggan.

The following gentlemen to be
delegates to aid in the adjudica-
tion of cases in the Parsi District
Matrimonial Court at Karachi:—

(1) Mr. Sorabji Adarji Dalal,
vice Khan Bahadur Nusservanji
Rustomji Mehta deceased.
(2) Khan Bahadur S. D. Con-
tractor, vice Mr. Hoshang Nadir-
shah Edulji Dinshaw resigned.

(3) Mr. Edulji U. Dinshaw, vice
Mr. Sorabji Mancherji Billimoria
resigned.

Mr. R. B. Milne, I.C.S., is per-
mitted to retire from His Majes-
ty's Covenanted Civil Service with
effect from the 10th April 1934.

Mr. J. A. Madan, C.I.E., I.C.S.,
on relief, to be on special duty in
the Revenue Department.

Mr. H. T. Lambick, I.C.S., on
return from deputation, to offi-
ciate as Deputy Commissioner,
Upper Sind Frontier, vice Mr. S.
Ridley, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. H. M. Patel, I.C.S., on re-
turn to duty, to officiate as Col-
lector of Sukkur, vice Mr. H. T.
Sorley, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Khan Bahadur Nur Nabi Ghulam
Nabi, on relief, to officiate as Col-
lector of Dadu, vice Sahebzada
Sardar Muhammad Khan trans-
ferred.

Sahebzada Sardar Muhammad
Khan, on relief, to be Collector of
Ratnagiri vice Mr. W. B. Gilligan,
I.C.S., transferred.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. N. Tho-
mas, Presidency Surgeon, Bombay,
is granted leave on average pay
in India for a period of one month
and six days from 5th April, 1934.

Mr. Abdul Kadir M. Hussain,
Oriental Translator to Govern-
ment and Secretary, Civil and
Military Examination Committee,
Bombay, is granted leave on aver-
age pay for one month from the
15th March, 1934.

Mr. Jehangir Edulji Sanjana to
officiate as Oriental Translator to
Government and Secretary, Civil
and Military Examination Com-
mittee, Bombay, vice Mr. Abdul
Kadir Muhammad Hussain on
leave.

Mr. W. B. Gilligan, I.C.S., on
relief, to officiate as Collector of
Ahmednagar vice Mr. E. W. Trot-
man, I.C.S., transferred, pending
further orders.

Mr. E. W. Trotman, I.C.S., on
relief, to officiate as Collector of
Sholapur vice Mr. I. H. Taunton,
I.C.S., transferred, pending further
orders.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of
interest on Demand Loans on Govern-
ment Paper remains unchanged at 5
1/2 p.c.

The National Week will be celebrat-
ed at Khandwa from the 6th to 13th
April next. A Khadi exhibition will
also be opened under the auspices of
the All India Charkha Sangh.

HAPPY RETURNS TO REZA SHAH

Persian Subjects In Bombay
Celebrate At Imperial
Consulate

A large number of Persian sub-
jects of H.I.M. Reza Shah Pahlavi,
met on Thursday morning in the
Imperial Persian Consulate at
Wodehouse Road to celebrate the
38th birthday of His Majesty.

The Persian Consul, Mirza Ha-
san Khan Pirnazar, who was at-
tired in his consular uniform was
presented with an address by
Mirza Mahomed Taqui Agha,
the President of the Bombay Per-
sian Chamber of Commerce, in
which he was requested to send a
telegram to H.I.M. the Shah of
Persia congratulating him on his
38th birthday on behalf of the
Persian subjects residing in Bom-
bay, and wishing him many happy
returns of the day.

Major Karanjia also associated
himself with Mr. Agha and
made a speech suitable to the oc-
casion eulogising the great boons
the present Shah had conferred
on his subjects after he ascended
the throne of Persia.

The Persian Consul then spoke
in Persian and promised to send
the congratulatory telegram to
H.I.M. Reza Shah Pahlavi. Since
he began his rule in Persia, said
the Consul, the Shah had introduced
reforms to raise that country to
the level of a civilized and well-
advanced empire.

In the evening the Persian Con-
sul gave a Reception to cele-
brate the occasion in the Persian
Consulate to which a number of
well-known citizens were invited.

PRIDE OF ANCIENT PERSIA

Rise And Fall Of City
Of Rae

Prof. Aga Pure Wawood
delivered the fourth of
the Government fellow-
ship lectures at the K. R. Cama
Oriental Institute, on Wednesday
evening when he spoke on "Ragha"
(Rae) the famous city, when Mr.
Rustom Pestonji Masani presided.
The city of Rae, observed Prof.
Dawood, was one of the largest
and most flourishing cities of An-
cient Persia. The fortunes of the
city, had passed through many
vicissitudes owing to the acts of
savage vengeance brutal barbar-
ism, and vandalism, chiefly of the
enemies more than those of the
barbaric invaders. Rae was de-
scribed by Arabic and Iranian
writers as the chief, mother, and
pride of the Ancient Persia, and it
was the greatest centre of world
commerce and trade.

CAUSE OF DOWNFALL.
The downfall of Rae, proceeded
Prof. Dawood, was mainly due to
the religious fighting between
Shias and Sunnis, who then were
constantly at war. When these
left, Chengiskhan and Taimurlane
(Timur Lung) began and they
carried on plundering and pillage
and the Tartars struck the last
blow, the poorer classes had their
hand in this gradual devastation.

Valuable bricks and costly produc-
tions of Art, were scraped now
and then from the ruins and were
sold in Teheran, so much so,
added the Professor, that Teheran
could be said to have been built
from the ruins of Rae. The gra-
dual mouldering of the famous
city did not end there. Unscien-
tific and malicious (?) excavations
by individuals accelerated its ruin
and left it a topsy-turvy con-
dition.

CITY OF CALIPH OMAR
HAROUN-AL-RASCHID.
This briefly was the history of
the city. The professor said that
Rae was the city of Caliph Omar,
and Haroun-Al-Raschid, and that
Zoroaster had made it his home,
though it could not be exactly as-
certained where the birth of
Zoroaster took place.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of
interest on Demand Loans on Govern-
ment Paper remains unchanged at 5
1/2 p.c.

The National Week will be celebrat-
ed at Khandwa from the 6th to 13th
April next. A Khadi exhibition will
also be opened under the auspices of
the All India Charkha Sangh.

FROM TO-DAY at THE EXCELSIOR
6-30 & 10 P.M.

WARNER BROS. present
ANOTHER MUSICAL FEAST

VIENNESE NIGHTS

(WERE MADE FOR LOVE!)



ENTIRELY IN TECHNICOLOUR

DRAKSHASAVA
twice a day
ensures
perfect
health

The Idea
Tonic
Beverage
You Need!



The Tropical climate of the East is
enervating in the extreme and
lassitude soon comes to the healthi-
est of systems. This fatal lowering
of the body's vitality and strength
must be checked immediately if it is
not to gain a real grip on the health
of person, which may have serious
and unforeseen results.

Here is a pleasant and effective
way of checking tropical tiredness
—an ounce of ALEMBIC DRAK-
SHASAVA in a tumbler of water
twice a day! It's unbelievably
simple, but the results speak for
themselves. Ask any man who has
already tried it and he will tell you
of the health and vigour which
suffuses the system as this wonderful
tonic gets to work.

Alembic DRAKSHASAVA

Start a bottle to-day and find new health!

Sold everywhere.
ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD.
BARODA. BOMBAY.

PILES

NOHAESA OINTMENT

Relieves the Piles Promptly

NOHAESA reduces the inflammatory and irritant symptoms
and has also a prophylactic action.

It simultaneously allays
the itch and has an
astringent cooling action.

Does not stain the clothing.
ABSOLUTELY HARMLESS.

NOHAESA is also available in the shape of suppositories.

Can Be
had from
all
Chemists.



TRAINING AND GALLOP NOTES

Myron Shows To Great Advantage

Note Roll Up And Saduzaman

(By Our Special Correspondent)

The following gallops were noted during the week:—

NIJINSKI (R. Boy) **ZECOS** (Meekings) and **EL DRAQUE** (Evans) galloped an easy 7 furlongs on the tan. The last named was best.

PHARE (Harding) and **KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE** (R. Boy) travelled 5 furlongs, finishing about level.

CASTLETON (Munro) and **ARGO'S HEIR** (Jones) were sent an easy 7 furlongs on the race track. The pair shaped well.

WHOOPE (R. Boy) **MYRON** (R. Boy) and **FOUR KINGS** (Stokes) covered a mile on the race track. Myron won by a length. Good.

CARNELIAN (Brace) beat **KNOCKDON** (Graham) in a mile gallop on the race track.

VAMOS (M. Hoyt) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. Fit and well.

IRAN (Clarke) pleased over a mile. Fit.

TERNLET (Blyth) **THRACIAN** (Stokes) and **FRANCOLIN** (Stokes) galloped 6 furlongs on the race track. Thracian Prince was best.

PICAR (Selby) extended **LIGNAN** (Brace) over 6 furlongs on the tan. The former finished very strongly.

IBRANI (Bowley) and **DOUCEUSE** (Selby) were sent 6 furlongs on the race track. The former won easily. A smart gallop.

SABRI (M. Hoyt) and **GLEN GOWAN** (Burn) travelled 7 furlongs. The former was better.

ALMEIDA (Whiteside) spurred 4 furlongs on the tan. Good.

DINOS (R. Boy) galloped six furlongs. Fit and well.

PERMARCH (Blyth) and **CHEERY BOY** (Reynolds) were extended over 6 furlongs on the tan. The former won by about 6 lengths. Smart gallop.

NYASA (Brace) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. Fit.

STAFF OFFICER (Munro) and **COMPREHENSION** (Jones) galloped an easy 5 furlongs. Both are in good condition.

ZORAWAR (Whiteside) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan, moving well.

ROLL UP (Northmore). Easily beat **SAPHIR** (Bullock) over 6 furlongs.

HEYDAY (Khalil) and **HILL NOTE** (R. Boy) galloped 5 furlongs on the tan. The former is fit and well.

AURANGZEBE (R. Boy) and **FAIRFORD** (Harding) spurred 4 furlongs. The former was better.

RAPHAEL (Munro) spurred 4 furlongs on the race track. Fair.

GOLDEN TRAIL (Clarke) and **GRECIAN ORB** (Evans) travelled 5 furlongs. The former was better.

RAJPYARI (R. Boy) and a stable companion galloped an easy 5 furlongs on the grass. Fair.

HOLLYWOOD NIGHTS (Brace) and **GRECIAN** (Graham) galloped 5 furlongs on the race track. The former finished well.

WHEELRACE (Whiteside) and **LEICESTER LADY** (R. Boy) galloped an easy 6 furlongs. The latter was better.

SWEETIE (Selby) galloped an easy 5 furlongs. Fit and well.

LOVELY ONE (R. Boy) and **PIN MONEY** (Alford) galloped an easy 4 furlongs. Both finished well.

ASCALON (Harding) and **THORNHAM** (Clarke) galloped 6 furlongs on the tan. The latter finished very well. Good.

JACK'S DARLING (R. Boy) and **BACHELOR'S BESS** (R. Boy) galloped 6 furlongs. Fair.

BOMBSHELL (Blyth) went 6 furlongs on the race track in pleasing style.

EATTLE ON (Alford) and **RARE WINE** (R. Boy) galloped 6 furlongs on the grass. The latter was better.

INNISKILLING (Munro) did pacework over 6 furlongs well.

FAMOUS (Obaid) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. Good.

SADUZAMAN (Munro) and **SHINAR** (Graham) galloped 7 furlongs on the grass. The former won easily.

QUEEN SINGER (Selby) galloped an easy 7 furlongs well.

MUTASHAR (Stokes) **YOUNG CHAYNA** (Doble) and **KOLHAPUR QUEEN** (Obaid) galloped 7 furlongs on the grass. The last named was superior.

ADHBA II (R. Boy) and **KUTUB** (Whiteside) galloped an easy 7 furlongs on the tan. The former was better.

AL-GHAZI (Obaid) galloped 6 furlongs on the grass well.

DEFENDER (R. Boy) and **HAVANA** (Simmons) galloped a mile on the grass. They finished level.

GREY KING (R. Boy) and **KANDA** (McCarthy) galloped a mile on the tan. Both are well.

VICTOR (Northmore) galloped 7 furlongs on the tan. He finished resolutely.

SAMRA LAYALI (R. Boy) galloped a mile on the tan. She is in great form.

INJEMAN II (Simmons) and **MOONSPARK** (R. Boy) galloped a mile on the grass. Fair.

RED FLOWER (Raffae) and **PUNJAB** (R. Boy) travelled a mile on the tan. The former won by two lengths.

BREACH (Clarke) galloped an easy mile. Well.

SAFI AL MULUK (Munro) and **AZDASHIR** (Harding) galloped an easy mile. They moved very freely.

MALIK BEG (Graham) and **ROYAL CROWN** (Selby) galloped an easy mile. The latter moved very well, and is in great form.

FAUST (Meekings) and **BULBUL** (R. Boy) galloped a mile. They finished well.

HAMDOON (Meekings) and **JAHAN ATA** (Northmore) galloped a mile on the tan. The latter was better.

KASHAF (Simmons) was extended over a mile on the grass. Fair.

JASSAM BEG (Meekings) galloped a mile at 3/4 pace. He finished very well.

NICKEL (R. Boy) was extended over a mile. In good form.

ALLADIN (Graham) beat a stable companion over a mile.

BAHARNOR (R. Boy) and **HITLER** (Graham) did pacework over five furlongs. They finished well.

DINAR (R. Boy) was extended over a mile. Fair.

BHAWANI TALWAR II (R. Boy) and **IRAQ QUEEN** (R. Boy) did pacework over a mile. The former moved very well.

SABBAR (R. Boy) galloped a mile. He is ready.



The Bombay Fortress Company (dark shirts) in spite of scoring the first goal were defeated in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Tuesday by 3 goals to 1.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Seventeen Runners In Chantilly Plate Of One Mile

The following are the acceptances for the Fourth Day of the Spring Meeting to be held on Saturday:—

1st Race (2-0 p. m.)

THE DELTA PLATE.—Div. I.

Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs., twice, 12 lbs., oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Zainab 8-13, Sari a' Muek 8-10, Hardinge 8-10, Short Cut 8-10, Prince Charlie 8-10, Raza Khan 8-10, Al Hazar 8-10, Virkumar 8-9, Royal Crown 8-4, Hamdon 8-4, Shamli (late Shamli Pasha) 8-4, Watchmaker II 8-4, Kingfisher 8-0, Crown 8-0, Faust 7-8, Haisan 7-8 and Aladdin 7-8.

2nd Race (2-30 p. m.)

THE DELTA PLATE.—Div. II.

Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs., twice, 12 lbs., oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Punjab 8-13, Munir Beg 8-10, Kashaf 8-10, Sabbar 8-10, Strephon 8-6, Al Barg 8-6, Malik Beg 8-6, Happy King 8-4, Baharnoor 8-4, Money Order 8-0, White House 8-0, Kandahar 8-0, Ward al Iraq 8-0, Dahes 7-10, Legion of Honour 7-8, Bhawani Talwar II 7-8, Havana 7-8 and Al Mandoub 7-8.

3rd Race (3-0 p. m.)

THE DELTA PLATE.—Div. III.

Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1933, of a race value Rs. 1,200 or over, once 7 lbs., twice, 12 lbs., oftener, 16 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Green Lawn 9-0, Nickel 9-0, Breach 8-12, Mal Allah 8-10, Jahan Ara 8-10, Kurali 8-10, Rolls Royce 8-10, Jinnar 8-6, Dinar 8-6, Red Flower 8-4, Good-bye 8-4, Jassam Beg 8-4, Kanda 8-4, Azdashir 8-0, Dhuboo 8-0, Hitler 8-0, Alharith 7-8 and Zehour 7-8.

4th Race (3-30 p. m.)

THE PHOENIX PARK PLATE.

Div. II. Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cavern 9-2, Aurangzebe 8-13, Heyday 8-11, Cartoon 8-11, Lovely One 8-6, Young Bachelor 8-1, Greclan 7-12, Meadow Sweet 7-7, and Grecian Orb 7-4.

5th Race (4-0 p. m.)

THE ALEXANDRIA HANDICAP.

Div. II. Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Inniskilling 9-5, Leicester Lady 9-4, Wirth Music 9-3, Over 7-3, Alesia II 9-3, Waver 9-0, Uptojinks 8-13, Sassaby 8-13, Ascalon 7-9, Philip Sidney 7-9, Tomtit 8-7, Betty Boop 8-5, Bombshell 8-2, Thornham 8-1, Willow Grove 8-0, Bachelor's Bess 7-12, Dattum 7-11, Battle On 7-4, Roseville 7-0 and Hatless 6-12.

6th Race (4-30 p. m.)

THE TRALEE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Inniskilling 9-5, Leicester Lady 9-4, Wirth Music 9-3, Over 7-3, Alesia II 9-3, Waver 9-0, Uptojinks 8-13, Sassaby 8-13, Ascalon 7-9, Philip Sidney 7-9, Tomtit 8-7, Betty Boop 8-5, Bombshell 8-2, Thornham 8-1, Willow Grove 8-0, Bachelor's Bess 7-12, Dattum 7-11, Battle On 7-4, Roseville 7-0 and Hatless 6-12.

7th Race (5-0 p. m.)

THE PHOENIX PARK PLATE.

Div. I. Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cavern 9-2, Aurangzebe 8-13, Heyday 8-11, Cartoon 8-11, Lovely One 8-6, Young Bachelor 8-1, Greclan 7-12, Meadow Sweet 7-7, and Grecian Orb 7-4.

8th Race (5-30 p. m.)

THE CHANTILLY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second, Rs. 1,500; third, Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

which have not won a race in that class since 30th October, 1933 and all horses in Class II.

Vamos 6-5, Ternlet 9-0, Castleton 8-12, Whoope 8-10, Myron 9-5, Douceuse 8-7, Zecos 8-4, Carnelian 8-4, Nijinski 8-3, Tohunga 7-12, Glen Gowan 7-7, Sabrina 7-5, Iran 7-5, Chivalresque 7-5, Rhodius 7-2, Neddens 7-0 and Phare 6-12.

9th Race (6-0 p. m.)

THE ST. CLOUD HANDICAP.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Argo's Heir 9-4, Maid of Orleans 7-13, Almeida 9-4, Safety Match 8-10, Ibrani 8-10, Staff Officer 8-8, Camille 8-7, Thracian Prince 8-7, Dinos 8-4, Will Scarlet 8-4, Naysa 8-3, Crusty 8-2, Permarch 7-11, Lignan 7-10, Palla 7-7, Knight's Adventure 7-7, Picaro 7-7, Roll Up 7-6 and Francolin 7-4.

10th Race (6-30 p. m.)

THE ALEXANDRIA HANDICAP.

Div. II. Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third, Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Argonaut 9-4, Lamington 9-1, Queen Singer 9-1, Anchor 9-1, Samra Layali 8-11, Saduzaman 8-11, Victor 8-10, Al Ghazi 8-8, Gull Beg 8-8, Grey King 8-5, Murat 8-3, Samit 8-1, Maarb 7-13, Mutashar 7-11, Rajput 7-8, Saint Fortunat 7-4 and Kutub 7-3.

SHROFFS' MOVE TO PRESERVE HUNDI SYSTEM

Scheme To Link Village And Town To Meet Attack

With a view to link together the Shroffs of the villages, cities and ports, to create unity and organisation amongst them and thereby to promote the development of Indigenous Banking, the Committee of the Bombay Shroff Association, have prepared a scheme to enable the mofussil Shroffs to become members of this Association. The Secretaries of the Association, explaining the new move, say:—

All are well aware by this time how much the position of the Shroffs has deteriorated year by year and their business has been transferred to banks for want of unity and organisation. The opening of the branches in various centres in the mofussil by the banks has told heavily upon the deposit and Hundi business of the Shroffs and there is every likelihood of increasing competition in this direction from this quarter. Further, it is due to the disintegrated position of the Shroffs that several Indian States have set at naught the legal rights of the Shroffs and have forced them to write off their dues amounting to lakhs of rupees due from the agriculturists for trivial amounts. In order to protect themselves against such inroads and to consolidate and strengthen their position, it is essential for the Shroffs in this age of progress to set themselves to the task of devising measures of combination and organisation. It is for want of contact that mofussil Shroffs are ignorant of one another's difficulties and requirements, as a result of which, Indigenous Banking has suffered a set back and Shroffs have lost their rights. In order, therefore, to bring about organisation and co-ordination, and to link together the Shroffs of the villages, cities and ports and to help them to develop closer contact, to know one another's difficulties and take measures to solve questions affecting their well-being and thereby to promote the development of Indigenous Banking, this Association has opened its doors to mofussil Shroffs for membership and has kept Rs. 10/- as annual subscription and Rs. 5/- as entrance fee, while the respective charges for the ordinary (Bombay) members are Rs. 25/- and Rs. 35/-. The annual subscription for the mofussil Shroffs is kept at a very low figure so as to enable them to get the benefits of the membership of this Association very cheaply.

The official Year of this Association is reckoned from Kartik Shud 1st to Aso Vad 15th. But owing to the late beginning of this scheme, the subscription for the latter portion of this Year upto Aso Vad 15th, 1930, has been kept Rs. 5/- only along with the entrance fee of Rs. 5/-.

7th Race (5-0 p. m.)

THE PHOENIX PARK PLATE.

Div. I. Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third, Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Cavern 9-2, Aurangzebe 8-13, Heyday 8-11, Cartoon 8-11, Lovely One 8-6, Young Bachelor 8-1, Greclan 7-12, Meadow Sweet 7-7, and Grecian Orb 7-4.

8th Race (5-30 p. m.)

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DRY WEATHER OVER COUNTRY

POONA, Mar. 15.

The weather has been generally dry over the country except for half an inch of rain at Kodakana and quarter of an inch at Bangalore.

The temperature is below normal in North-West India, United Provinces, Central India, Bihar and Chota Nagpur.

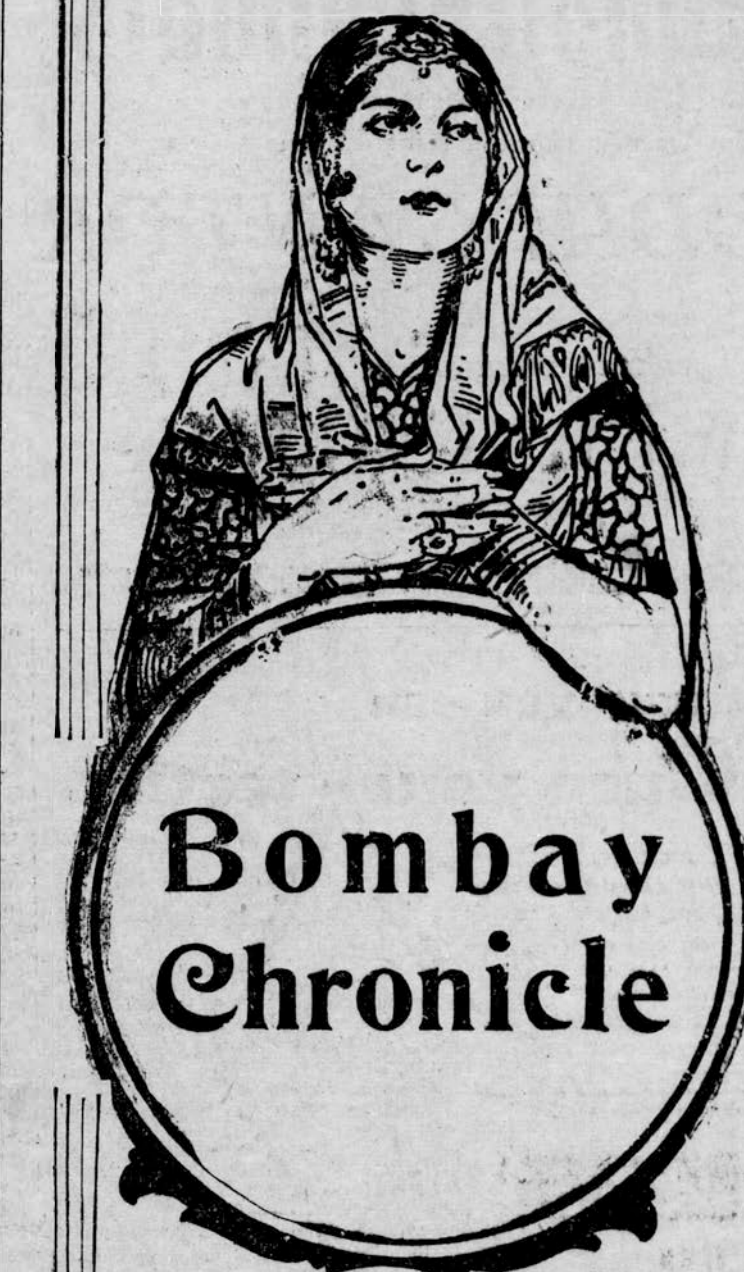
FORECAST.

Scattered thunder-showers will occur in South Madras, Mysore and South Deccan.—A. P.

It is understood that Sir Shadi Lal is unable to accept the invitation to preside at the All-India Agarwal Conference and the Reception Committee has sent an invitation to Seth Jammal Bajaj to take the Chair.

FREE

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LIGHT BROWN

COD LIVER OIL

This absolutely pure natural oil is prepared from a blending of the purest Norwegian Oils, by a process which does not destroy the Vitamins. It will be found to be the purest, most palatable, most easily digested and most speedily efficacious. It has, for upwards of 70 years, been highly recommended by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of Consumption, Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Chronic Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma & ALL WASTING DISEASES



Made from the purest Norwegian Oils

Beware of Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations.

TO COMMEMORATE Amritdhara Pharmacy's 33rd Anniversary

all medicines and books will be sold

on **HALF** the PRICE

In the month of March 1934

or throughout the year for the money remitted in the same month.

AMRITDHARA and ITS COMPOUNDS on 3/4th the usual PRICE.

Send for free Catalogue immediately.

Manager, AMRITDHARA PHARMACY, 5, LAHORE.

CITY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu—Chaitra Shud 1 1993
Muslim—Zilkad 29 1393
Parsi—Mehr 11 1393
Sunrise—6h 47m
Sunset—6h 49m
Lunatic—0.05 12-40

National Council of Indian Women: 4th Biennial Conference, Town Hall, 10-3 a.m. Art Exhibition, University, South Wing, 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.
Aga Khan Hockey: Bombay Gymkhana ground, B. E. S. T. Sports Club v. I. M. M. T. S. Dufferin, 4-15 p.m., Bombay Gymkhana 'B' v. Parsi Cyclists, 5-30 p.m.

SAURDAY, March 17.
S. S. 'Maddala' with homeward mail sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Spring Meeting, Fourth Day.

National Council of Indian Women: Town Hall, 10-30 a.m. Art Exhibition, University, South Wing, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Passion Play at Opera House, 6-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, March 18.
Meeting of medical practitioners re: Foreign doctors in Bombay, Blavat sky Lodge, 7-30 p.m.

MONDAY, March 19.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Bombay National History Society, annual general meeting of members at the Prince of Wales' Museum at 6-0 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE
Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. "Geierfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Thursday the 22nd March 1934.

BOMBAY PRATHANA SAMAJ
In connection with 47th anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj Mr. S. V. Plaudin will conduct the Weekly Divine Service in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

TELEGRAPH NEW YEAR'S DAY
Under the auspices of the Andhra Association Kalyan Telugu New Year's Day will be celebrated by having a Harikatha Kalakshetra in the Association Hall at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Friday) on "Ambarish Chaitra" by Sri V. Suryaprakasarao Garu of Nellore.

DRESSLER'S
HAPPY BIRTHDAY PICTURE
HER SWEETHEART
(CHRISTOPHER REAN)
CO-STARRED
WITH **WONNEL**
BARRYMORE

Also showing LAUREL & HARDY
in "DIRTY WORK"
AT THE **REGAL**
LAST NIGHT

at 6-30 & 10 P.M.

TO-MORROW
RICHARD DIX
in
DAY OF RECKONING
With **MADGE EVANS**

The CAPITOL
City's Leading Talkie House
LAST NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

with **CHARLES RUGGLES**
GRETA NISSEN &
40 Madding Maidens!
TO-MORROW
THEY CALLED HER THE "DOVE"...but
hers was the fury of the wildcat.
BRENON'S
GIRL OF THE RIO
Dolores Del Rio
Leo Carrillo
Booking is now open.

**THEY CALLED HER THE "DOVE"...but
hers was the fury of the wildcat.**
BRENON'S
GIRL OF THE RIO
Dolores Del Rio
Leo Carrillo
Booking is now open.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"You Said A Mouthful" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Her Sweetheart" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Melody Cruise" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"Out All Night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Take a Chance" Daily at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Roman Scandals" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END—"Tara Sundari" Time as usual

GLOBE—"Malti Madhar" Daily at 5-15 8-10-45

ROXY—"Shanghai Madness" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE—"The Cohens and Kellys in Trouble" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

KRIHNA—"King of Ayodhya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45

MINERVA—"Kismet-Ka-Shekar" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Phantom of the Hill" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR—"Bhakta Pralhad" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben.
News Bulletin

7-45 p.m. Midland Studio Orchestra.
5-15 p.m. Foreign Affairs, a talk by Mr. Vernon Bartlett.

8-30 p.m. Time Signal from Greenwich. The John MacArthur Quintet.
9-20 p.m. Dance music (gramophone records).

9-40 p.m. Music and the Ordinary Listener, a talk by Sir Walford Davies.
10 p.m. Hotel Metropole Orchestra.
10-45 p.m. News Bulletin.

11 p.m. B B C Dance Orchestra

TO-DAY ON RADIO

7-30 p.m. Time Signal from Big Ben.
5-30 a.m. Time Signal. Commercial Bulletin.

12 noon. European music.
12-30 p.m. Indian music
1 p.m. Market opening rates. Close down.

6 p.m. Time Signal. Music from Pathe Cinema.

6-30 p.m. Indian instrumental music by Masters Mohale and Madhavilal.

8 p.m. Market prices.
8-45 p.m. Empire Relay
9-15 p.m. News, weather and market rates.

9-25 p.m. The Cinema, a talk.
9-45 p.m. Taj Mahal Hotel Orchestra
Close down. 11 p.m.

BOMBAY MARATHA ASSOCIATION
Under the auspices of the Bombay Maratha Association, a public meeting will be held at the Maratha Hall, Nanyalgar Lane, adjoining Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) to congratulate Shrimant Khasasahab Pawar on his attaining the position of Maharaj (Reigning Chief) of Dewas (C.I. Junior). Rao Bahadur K. S. Asvale J. P. M.L.C. will preside.

K. R. CAMA ORIENTAL INSTITUTE
Under the auspices of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Professor Pour Davaud will deliver to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.) at the Institute premises, Subhadra Building, 172 Hornby Road, Fort, the 5th of his series of six Government Fellowship Lectures on "Is Gotama Buddha mentioned in the Avesta?" Mr. V. P. Vaidya, Bar-at-Law will preside.

TO-DAY'S CHOWPATY MEETING.
To demand the release of Khan Abdulullah Khan, nephew of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, who is on hunger strike in Multan Jail, a public meeting under the auspices of the Political Sufferers Bureau and the Bombay Provincial Jail Reformers Conference will be held to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. on the Chowpaty sands. Sardar Jamiat Singh will preside.

ARYA SAMAJ BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION
The Bombay Arya Samaj is the first Arya Samaj founded by Maharshi Dayanand Saraswati 60 years ago, to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. (S. T.) the birthday celebration will be performed in the Arya Samaj Hall, Girgaum Back Road when well-known leaders and speaker will deliver speeches on the Arya Samaj movement.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.
Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Mr. B. N. Motivala will deliver a lecture on "The Hero of the Mahabharata" to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum.

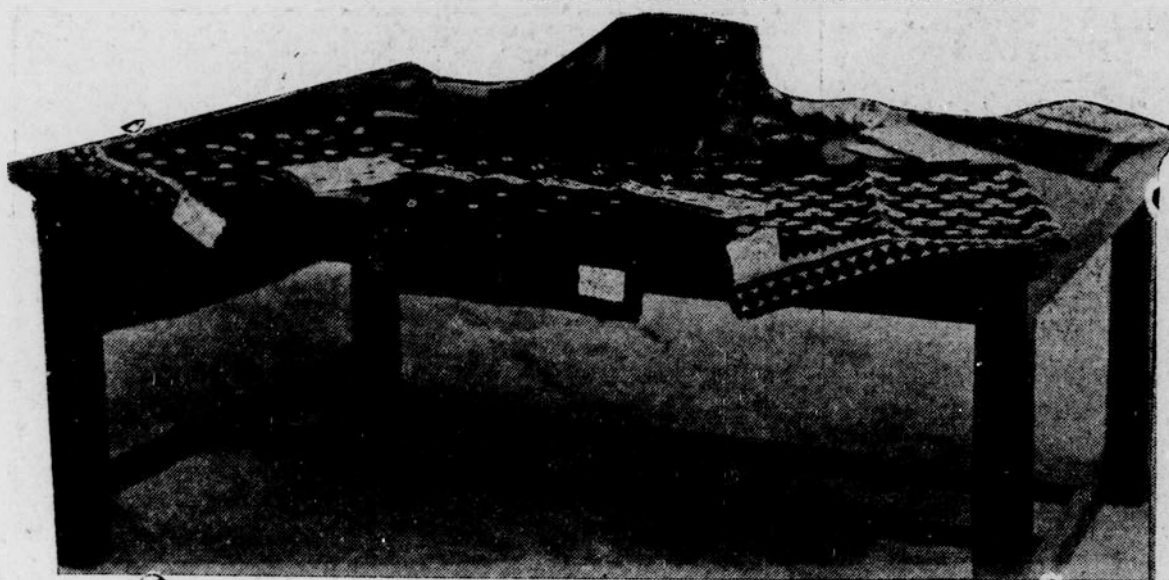
The Hon. Sir John W. P. Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay will preside.

HINDU NEW YEAR
Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Bhajan Mandal, the Kanara Saraswat Mahila Samaj and the Kanara Saraswat Association the "Hindu New Year" (Gudi Padwa) will be celebrated to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.). The New Year's Panchang will be read and Panak-Pachadi will be distributed.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL
His Excellency the Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne arrived at Government House Bombay from Karachi on Thursday.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ
The Samaj Anniversary will be celebrated in the Samaj premises at 261 Charni Road, Girgaum to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. when Mr. S. N. Rege under the presidency of Mr. S. S. Naik will address the gathering. There will also be another gathering in Mr. Mantli's bungalow at Malad to-morrow and Sunday when Prof. D. A. Kamat will give his mimicry performance.

WOMEN'S ART AND HANDICRAFT EXHIBITION



Indian designs predominate rightly, the handicrafts exhibition of the N.C.W.I. now open at the Bombay University (South Wing).

FIRST WOMEN'S ART EXHIBITION
Distinct Phase Of Advancement

(By Our Art Critic).
The first "Women's Exhibition of Fine Arts and Handicrafts" was opened at the Bombay University (South Wing) by H. H. the Maharani of Jatu, the exhibition, judged by the number of exhibits and the number of visitors has been, decidedly, a success. The organisers have well-earned, judged by the variety and quality of the exhibits, the exhibition marks, certainly a distinct phase of art advancement amongst the women. As the detail review of the exhibition is to follow preliminary notice, it is enough to mention some of its outstanding features. The handicrafts arranged on the ground floor contain the most noticeable section which displays the old traditional designs and colours in embroidery. The adjoining rooms reveal the other modern home crafts.

The section of "Fine Arts" on the upper storey includes painting oils and water colours architectural drawings, poster work, photography and sculpture. The sections of water-colours, photography and sculpture should be particularly mentioned and appreciated.

The following is the list of prize winners in painting and sculpture.

PAINTINGS
The Council's Gold Medal—Mrs. Phillip Sidwell—Burmese Girl—No. 71.

Bhagwandas Motilal Dayabhai's Gold Medal for a water colour picture—Mrs. Una Harward—"East Coast"—No. 84.

Capt. W. E. J. Solomon's Cash Prize of Rs. 25 for a subject picture—Miss Marie Henderson—"Women at Udaipur"—No. 48.

Mrs. S. R. Dongerkery's Gold Medal for a picture in Indian style—Miss Cumi Siodia—"Uma Mahesh"—No. 105.

Mrs. S. R. Dongerkery's Silver Medal for Juniors for a picture in water colour—Miss Banu Forbes—"A Bird"—No. 94.

Mrs. S. L. Bhatia's Silver Medal for Juniors for a picture in oils—Miss Shireen Vakil—"The Mall's Hut"—No. 132.

SCULPTURE
Mr. M. R. Jayakar's Silver Medal for Sculpture—Miss Madri Desai—"When it's Evening."

POSTER PHOTO
Mrs. F. B. Tyabji's Silver Medal for Posters—Miss Freany Talyarkhan—Poster No. 125.

Mrs. F. B. Tyabji's Silver Medal for Architecture—Miss Perlin T. Mistri.

Mrs. Ishwardas' Silver Medal for Photography—Miss R. J. Dalal—"Shadows"—No. 154.

Mrs. Ishwardas' Silver Medal for Juniors in Photography—Miss Manorama Desai—"River Jhelum"—No. 150.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL NON-BRAHMIN YOUTH PARTY
A meeting of the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Non-Brahmin Youth Party will be held at the offices of the party to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. (S. T.).

FINAL DIVIDEND OF 14 P.C., P. A., DECLARED
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China have received the following telegram from its head office:—"At the annual meeting of shareholders, Directors will recommend a final dividend at the rate of 14 per cent per annum subject to income-tax, 225,000—added to Pension Fund, 220,000—17-7 carried forward."

IRISH SWEEP PROSECUTION
In our issue of 8th instant, the report is published of a case under the caption "Irish Sweep prosecution", in which Harrod Roy, proprietor of Harrod Roy and Co., was fined Rs. 30 for publishing the proposals of Irish Sweep lottery. In this connection Mr. Harrod Roy, who is working in the Hindu Sanrakshan Mandal having its office at Wallace Street, Fort, and who is living in Santa Cruz, writes to say that he is not the person mentioned in the case and that he has nothing to do with it.

DR. JAL PAVRY
HONoured
Member Of International Committees

Dr. Jal Dastur C. Pavry, M.A., Ph.D., has just been elected a member of the Executive Committee of the Association des Messages, an international organisation founded recently in Paris under the patronage of the President of the French Republic. The aim of the Association is the promotion of intellectual co-operation among the nations of the world. Sir Austen Chamberlain is one of the Presidents of the International Executive Committee. Dr. Pavry has, likewise, been elected a member of Committee of the International Institute of Hyperphysical Research, recently established in New York which aims to investigate systematically the revolution effected in scientific thought by the astounding discoveries of the last few decades.

Dr. Pavry, who is spending the winter in England, is at present writing articles concerning India's relations with England for a number of American newspapers.

Eastern Bank's Net Profit Of £ 166,760

The following telegram from its London Office has been received by the Eastern Bank, Ltd.:—"Net profit including brought forward £166,760-15-3. Annual Meeting will be held March 23rd. Directors recommend final dividend at the rate of 3 1/2 per share less Income Tax at the rate of 50 per cent less 10 per cent in respect of Dominion Income Tax (Relief subject to adjustment) making net Income Tax per pound 45s. Placed to Contingency Account £35,968. Carried forward £31,760-15-3. Dividend payable on and after 25th March."

Mercantile Bank of India Limited.

FINAL DIVIDEND OF 6 P.C. FOR HALF YEAR DECLARED

The Manager of the Bombay Branch of the Mercantile Bank of India Ltd. writes:—"I have received telegraphic advice from my Head Office informing me that the Board of Directors have declared a Final Dividend of 6 per cent on the shares of the Bank for the half year ended 31st December, 1933, making 12 per cent for the year, less Income Tax: £20,000 is written off Land and House Property account and £172,000 is carried forward."

AN OPERATTA IN TECHNICOLOR AT THE EXCELSIOR

Lovers of real music, of the sort that will live forever, as well as countless cinema Patrons of late have only had recourse to music of the jazz variety, will extend a most hearty welcome to Warner Bros. beautiful operatta, "Viennese Nights", which comes to the Excelsior Theatre from to-day. "Viennese Nights" was written in its entirety, by two of the famous living composers and librettists—Sigmund Romberg and Oscar Hammerstein II—who are responsible for many of the most outstanding musical stage successes of recent years.

MUNSHI TO BE FELLOW OF BOMBAY UNIVERSITY

Mr. K. M. Munshi has been nominated as Fellow of the University of Bombay by the Board of Trustees of the charity of the late Ranchhoddas Tribhuvandas Mody who gave over Rs. 2,50,000 to the University for the establishment of the College of Technology.

BOMBAY BAN EXTENDED

The "Bombay Government Gazette", published on Thursday, extends for a further period of two months with effect from March 22, the Chief Presidency Magistrate's order, banning Hindus and Muslims from entering the Tank Road, and erecting any structure on that plot. There are two tanks in close proximity to the ground.

SMALL-POX BREAKS OUT IN GHATKOPAR

(From Our Correspondent).
Small-pox has made its appearance at Ghatkopar. Ten attacks and four deaths have been registered so far at the municipal office.

The Municipality has distributed leaflets warning the residents of the appearance of the disease, and suggesting precautionary measures. It is further stated that the disease is due to infection from outside. The two imported cases both boys, are said to be from Panvel and Bhavnagar. The remaining two, a boy and girl, died having contracted infection from the imported ones. Tuesday morning is fixed for vaccination.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY

KEENLY CONTESTED MATCHES SEEN ON THURSDAY

Telegraphs And Portuguese Association Register Narrow Victories

There was an improvement in the attendance on Thursday when two more teams bid an early good-bye to the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament. It was unfortunate that one of these should be the Sunshine Club. A team with such a happy name ought to have gone far if names meant anything, but even in the realm of hockey it is a case of the fittest surviving.

After a blank first half the sunshines gained the lead through George, their left wing. They however did not stick to it for long, the Portuguese Association replying with two rapid goals scored by Max and Saldhana.

Result:—
PORTUGUESE ASSO-CIATION 2 Goals
SUNSHINE CLUB 1 Goal

Portuguese Association:—A Rodrigues; T. Charlie and N. Mendes; D'Sa P. Rodrigues and A. Fernandes. Max, Marcus, Saldanha, A D'Souza and A. Francis.

Sunshine Club:—Rocha; Albino and F. Albert; Rego, J. Noronha and Oswyn; D'Costa, Richard Gasper, Durate and George.

Umpires: Messrs. Ernst & M D'Souza.

TELEGRAPHS WIN
The Cathedral High School received much vocal support when they took the field against the Telegraph Recreation Club. After shaping like winners they retired beaten by the odd goal in three. Boyne took advantage of an excellent pass from Woodcock to beat Durham, and for a moment it looked as though the School boys would pile up a big score.

This was not to be however, as

the Telegraphists asserted themselves in the second half, Almeida moving up from the defence to the forward line. His thrustful play enabled the telegraphs to equalise, and before the final whistle Peters notched the winning point.

The umpiring of Mr. Cobbett was rather slack in this match. He overlooked many foul throws, which were seen clearly from the stands.

Result:—
TELEGRAPH RECREATION CLUB 2 Goals
CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL 1 Goal

Cathedral High School:—Arratoon; Bird and Sell; Ring, Brewin and Brown; Taylor Woodcock, Shaller, Boyne and Speldewinde.

Telegraphs Recreation Club:—Durham; Le Blond and A. Almeida; Issacs Abrahams and Tomas; Roberts, Sadler, Peters, Cole and Cowell.

Umpires:—Messrs. Cobbett and Kher Singh.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES
4-15 p.m. B E S T vs. T M M T S. "Dufferin"

5-30 p.m. Bombay Gym. "B" vs. Parsi Cyclists.

Karachi Mayor's Bihar Fund

KARACHI, March 15
The Mayor's Earthquake Relief Fund amounts to Rs. 35,844. Of this amount Rs. 18,844 has been remitted to the Viceroy's Fund and the balance to Babu Rajendra Prasad's Relief Fund. (United Press.)

COUNCIL THROWS OUT RENT BILL

(Continued from page 1)
ference in the normal operations of the law of supply and demand. When the rich and the mighty asked for protection, these arguments of artificial restrictions on the law of supply and demand were never advanced, but when the poor tenants wanted protection, all sorts of arguments were put forward.

Mr. Bakhale then made an eloquent plea for the necessity of the Bill to minimise the hardships of tenants. He read the views of Government expressed in favour of the Rent Act in 1918, and appealed to Government, that, if they could not see their way to support the Bill, they should at least remain neutral and allow the House to come to a decision. He was even prepared to give up the Bill, if the Select Committee came to the conclusion that there was no necessity for legislation, but he maintained that he was personally convinced that the Bill was essential.

GOVT'S REPLY.
Mr. R. D. Bell, the Home Member, referred to the bitter comments made by the mover of the Bill against Government and said that, Mr. Bakhale apparently felt illudion and thought that some damage had been done to his case because no one from the Government Benches had disclosed any opinion on the Bill. He said that the policy of Government was when non-official business was before the House was to give full scope to non-official members to air their views before Government indicated what their attitude was going to be. When there was a real necessity for any legislation, the Home Member said, Government themselves would take it up except in cases of social or communal legislation.

The Home Member said that the Rent Act of 1918 was given up in 1929, because it was thought no longer necessary to control rents in the City. The Act was introduced under certain circumstances which did not exist to-day. On the contrary, the trend of rents since 1929 was on the whole downwards. In fact, conditions to-day were exactly the reverse of what they were in 1918, when the Act was passed.

On principle, therefore, he said, Government must oppose the Bill.

LOST BY 6 VOTES
The first reading of the Bill was then put to vote and declared lost. Mr. Bakhale claimed a division, which resulted in 30 members voting for, and 36 against it. The Bill was, therefore, dropped.

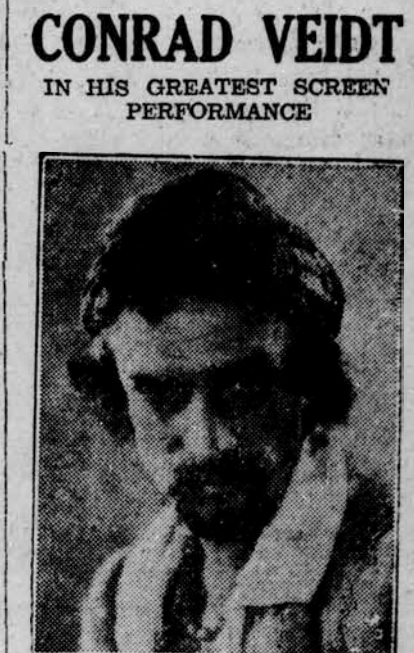
"Balidan" On The Stage

DOHAD, Mar. 15.
The "Balidan" a Gujarati play written by Mr. Ishwarlal C. Desai, Deputy Station Master, Nalla Sopara, was staged at the Free-Land Gunj Colony for the benefit of the Hindu temple in the Colony. The performance brought a handsome amount for the cause.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1934

AN INEQUITABLE POLICY

The debate in the Legislative Council on Government's Land Revenue policy was a fairly lively one and no non-official member had a good word to say about that policy. But, curiously enough, when the cut motion that was moved to protest against the policy, was put to the vote, it was lost by a heavy majority. It may be presumed that something other than argument weighs most with many members when it comes to voting. Such a House could not be taken very seriously by the Revenue Member himself, who called it unrepresentative of the poor peasants for whom it professed so much sympathy. If the House is not representative it is the fault of the constitution. But whenever such a House, dominated, according to the Revenue Member, by the landlord element, pleads for relief to the poorer agriculturist, the case is stronger and more disinterested than if the relief were sought by the representatives of the poor agriculturists themselves.

An Old Demand

The demand for a revision of the general land revenue policy of the Government is an old one and has been made almost annually during the budget debate. The most pressing specific demand has been to bring the policy under Legislative control, as was recommended by the Joint Parliamentary Committee of 1918. But the Government have paid no heed to this most reasonable demand even after it had been endorsed by a special committee appointed by them in 1925. And now the Revenue Member reserves the question to be taken up by the new reformed Legislature on the plea that the present one is not representative enough and does not include "an important political organisation," by which he evidently means the Congress. Why did not Government take any action on the recommendations of their own Committee of 1925 when the Congress was duly represented in the Council?

Bihar And Foreign Nations

The earthquake disaster in Bihar is, as Rajendra Babu says in his letter to Sjt. Subash Chandra Bose, on a vaster scale than what Japan had to face in 1923. But it is not the fault of foreign nations if they are subscribing little as compared with the immense amount sent to Japan. Rajen Babu is right when he says that the poor response is due to lack of information. The Gov-

ernment of Japan was fully alive to its responsibilities. It felt the people's sufferings and did not spare money and energy to remove it. It also saw to it that full information about the results of the earthquake was broadcast promptly. The world knew about the nature of the havoc caused, it also saw the desperate efforts made by the Government of Japan and it naturally responded to the call of suffering.

Amazing Effrontery

It was sheer effrontery on the part of Mr. H.P. Mody to call the Bombay Millowners' Pact with Lancashire an Indo-Lancashire Pact, when most textile interests outside Bombay, a vast number of businessmen in Bombay itself and the Indian public at large have wholly repudiated the agreement. With regard to the out-turn of finer counts, in respect of which alone there is competition between India and Lancashire, the Bombay mills' contribution is only one-eighth of the total Indian contribution, and Mr. K. C. Neogy had good reason to remark bitterly that, "it was very easy to be charitable at other's expense."

Apart from the repre-

sentative character of the Bombay millowners, Mr. Mody could not give a single sound economic argument to justify the Pact. As regards the plea that Lancashire had already doubled the consumption of Indian cotton, even if the statement is accurate, the purchase of two or three lakhs of bales is nothing beside the ten or more lakhs that Japan has been already buying from us. And, after all, the Bombay Pact does not make it obligatory upon Lancashire to buy any fixed quantity of Indian cotton. Only the British Government and its subordinate branch in India would be jubilant over this sorry Pact.

CASE OF THE EXILED GERMAN DOCTORS

A Reply To Agitation Of Vested Interests.

(By "VIATOR")

II.

Since the publication of my earlier article in these columns, Dr. Dadachanjli has announced, in local newspapers, a public meeting of doctors for the purpose of passing his resolution advocating exclusion of emigre German doctors who might desire to settle down and practise in this country.

Patientless Doctors.

One trusts all reputable doctors in this city would decline to lend their support to a thoroughly reactionary and obscurantist measure like this as, apart from any dubious advantages that might follow its adoption, it is calculated to present the profession as consisting of individuals lacking in not merely a theoretical professional consciousness but also that ordinary human sympathy which is demanded of them as far as the victims of German Fascism are concerned. But whether or not the doctors countenance such a suggestion for "trade protection" as though they were nothing better than manufacturers of sugar or safety-matches, the lay public has its viewpoint in matters which affect its interests as well as those of the profession. They very existence of doctors pre-supposes existence of patients and the latter surely could put in a word in a controversy of this kind.

It is, therefore, necessary for Dr. Dadachanjli's converts to scrutinise the implications of the position in which they are allowing themselves to be placed. Dr. Dadachanjli is seeking to exploit Swadeshim without recognising the possibilities, limitations and applicability of that fashionable but much-abused cult. I have shown in a previous article how his whole argument is based on misrepresentation of the situation and I need hardly reiterate the points made in that article. It must now, however, be pointed out that the doctor's campaign lacks in any moral justification and that it is inspired by the fear that foreign doctors would break the monopoly of the local professionals who, protected against competition, could live off diseases as Mr. Bernard Shaw might say, as prosperous professional social parasites. And where does the 'sacredness' of the medical profession come in?

Live and Let Live.

The truth of the matter is that there is no sacredness about the doctor's 'trade' (the turn has been coined by the protectionist medical gentlemen themselves) which has to be protected with tariff walls and swadeshim: that is, in effect, what the Dadachanjli school of medical practitioners say in so many swadeshi phrases. The argument, at this stage, may be transferred on to the trader's counter and the question may be asked:—Does the public of patients exist for the benefit of swadeshi doctors who are enabled to dictate the worst terms because the patients would die of a nervous shock if their healer's monopoly were broken? The doctors, like all of us, are slaves to the social circumstance. No sensible person denies they must live. But let them live without denying their confreres the right to live because the latter's pigment or speech is different from their own.

Goethe-Freud Symbolism.

The present writer has no intention of suggesting that the doctors, while they remain social parasites, do not occupy a position at once unique and noble. However mercenary and soulless the profession might become the individual remains and with him (or her) those qualities, always associated with the personality of the doctor, draw human response. It is exactly why the doctors would be the last people to demand protection against foreign dumping because it is thief-proof. I could name several well-known local physicians and surgeons whose practice cannot be "stolen" by the most skilful foreign confreres for the simple reason that the relationship between patient and doctor is not analogous to the one between the grocer and his customer. That is why men like Goethe and Freud assign to them a position that is unique in every respect.

Emulate the Proletariat.

The alarmists, therefore, are merely showing themselves up in their vulnerable weaknesses. However, their say in the matter does not become the last word and the patients have a right to demand that no professional monopoly be established at the latter's expense. The capitalist—

(Continued on page 8).

EXTRAVAGANCE ON LLOYD BARRAGE

(BY M. H. GAZDAR, M. L. C.)

II.

II. Khairpur State contribution. It is doubtful whether any thing can be recovered as there was no definite understanding between the Government and the State and the State has its own case.

Land Sales.

Against an anticipation of Rs. 5.4 crores by 1934 only Rs. 30 lakhs have been received till date. Thus assurances by Messrs. Lawrence and Rothfield also have proved wrong.

Percentage returns in 1933 and 1935.

Obviously when the estimates of costs have exceeded, land sales have brought in a little cash; schedule time for completion has been exceeded by three years; anticipations of revenue returns must perforce go wrong hopelessly. Further in the original project 81 p.c. land was proposed to be cultivated annually. This intensive cultivation has created serious water-logging and it has been proved that Sind land cannot stand more than 60 per cent. cultivation. If it comes to that, it will mean 21 per cent. less revenue and therefore, less revenue.

V. The failure of estimates to prove sufficient must necessarily reduce correspondingly the receipts.

VI. The scheme instead of starting working in 1930, commenced working in 1932 and will be completed in 1938 instead of 1935.

Borrowing.

The total borrowing were

expected to reach a figure of 16 crores only. It will reach an astounding figure of Rs. 25.78 crores in 1934-35. The General Member told me in reply to my cut motion that he had still to carry out works worth Rs. 2 crores after the end of 1934-35. Nay, he will have to spend Rs. 4 crores. And this sum added to borrowing of Rs. 1 crore a year for payment of interest charges for next 5 years at least, will make the total borrowed sum at charge at Rs. 35 crores.

Working expenses.

These were estimated at Rs. 1.2 per acre cultivated. They have gone to over Rs. 2 on account of top-heavy engineering establishments.

XI. Pinal net Revenue of Rs. 158 lakhs.

This was the bait offered to the Presidency to induce it to sanction the project. If fresh revised estimates of financial returns are prepared, I am afraid, it will be found that instead of this scheme producing Rs. 158 crore for the benefit of the general revenues it will be a burden on the ordinary revenues to that extent for a long time to come.

WANTED ENQUIRY.

It is, therefore, an urgent necessity that a sifting inquiry should be immediately instituted for exploring all avenues for very speedy and economic completion of the project and determining the minimum working expenses

Need For An Immediate Searching Enquiry Into The Muddle

(Including charges for establishment) for efficient maintenance of works and management of the whole of this huge financial undertaking. This inquiry should be conducted by irrigation experts from the Punjab and the experts in financial matters; from amongst the stalwarts of the Bombay city and Government of India.

I have already shown in my speech, on the cut motion for reducing the excessive staff in the Legislative Council, that a staff costing only Rs. 14 lakhs a year did efficiently look after a cultivation of 28 lakhs in one season in pre-barrage days. In the post-barrage conditions there will be 29, and 36 lakh acres of cultivation in kharif and rabi seasons respectively in the whole of Sind. The increase in kharif season is inappreciable and the increase in rabi season will be Rs. 25 per cent. But we have to remember that this increase of 25 per cent. in rabi will be gradually attained after 30 years, that is, in 1962. This because of two difficulties in the way of speedier development of agriculture. Firstly, the cut of 33 lakhs of acres of proposed extra cultivation; there are 22 lakhs of private lands and only about 11 lakhs of Government land. The private owners will prefer to develop their existing cultivation before spending on new lands. Secondly, Government will take

(Continued on Page 8.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

U. S. A.'S DOMINIONS?

The Monroe Doctrine which was enunciated by the United States of America to serve as a warning to European Powers to keep their hands off South America appears to be on its way to being implemented further and in a strikingly interesting manner. The Republic of South America have, with a few exceptions, all been under the influence of the U. S. A. Now there is a move among the Central American States to work out an economic union based on, among other points, a single monetary unit, unification of customs Tariffs, abolition of passports and a single diplomatic service. Considering that the U. S. Government has been invited to send a delegate, observer or "adviser" to the Conference, the scheme is as significant as it is avowedly far-reaching. For, who knows that it may not turn out to be the first stage in the unification of South American States as 'de facto' republican Dominions "of the U.S.A.?"

SUBBAROYAN'S "THREAT".

Dr. Subbaroyan, the Leader of the Opposition in the Madras Legislative Council, is to be congratulated on his bold and enthusiastic championship of Harijans' rights. But his threat that, in the event of Caste Hindus continuing to oppose the right of temple entry he would join the Churchill group is, at best, an example of impulsive sympathy gone astray. Translated into action it would constitute, indeed, a service not to the Harijan cause but to the Acharyas and Krishnamachariars who regard Harijans as worse than pariahs. Doctor Subbaroyan should not forget that it is the declared position of Varnashramites to support foreign domination over India. What Doctor Subbaroyan ought to do for his own sake as much as for the sake of the Harijans, is to threaten to join real Indian public opinion in its demand for full freedom.

COLOUR BAR IN BRITAIN.

If there is any in India who believes that the colour bar against Indians is non-existent in England, he should be disillusioned by the Army Secretary's reply to a question by Mr. Jog in the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Tottenham stated that Indian students did not get admission to the Officers Training Corps in English Universities as the membership was restricted to British subjects of Indian descent. He added half apologetically that Government had endeavoured to get the bar removed but that the Universities were opposed to the removal of the restriction. Either the Government's attempt was not serious enough or the British Universities are not half

so pliant as those in India. In any case a Government of India, alive to its own self-respect and that of the Indians, would give them every necessary training in India and appoint as Officers in every department only those British subjects who are of pure Indian descent.

A SUPERFLUOUS APPEAL.

Lord Carson's appeal to Britain not to abandon India is absolutely superfluous, for no party in Britain is in any haste to do any such thing. Sir Samuel Hoare's party's sole anxiety is to ensure British domination for the longest period possible. If he is lacking his brains to find out effective matters of disguising the domination or concealing British wire-pulling, he deserves to be thanked by the Carsonists or Churchillites and not distrusted. When India becomes free—that is only a question of time—it will not be because of any voluntary abandonment, partial or complete, by Britain. Lord Carson may have reason to fear "the repetition of Ireland", but it is obvious that the real reason of Ireland is wasted upon him and his like.

NO PROFITEERING.

The application of the Poona Electric Supply Company to the Government for permission to raise its rates has naturally met with stout opposition from the Poona public. The latest annual report of the Company does not suggest any justification for raising the rates, but it provides many reasons for lowering them. It appears that the Company has been able to give a dividend of 9 per cent since 1931 despite the depression in these years. It has also built up substantial reserve funds and consequently its shares are said to be selling at nearly double their original price. As the supply of electricity is a public utility, it would be unfair for Government to allow the company to abuse its virtual monopoly and profiteer at the expense of the public.

Press Views

Mockery Of Relief

Humanity, however, demanded that some remissions would be arranged, at least in the case of the quake-stricken people. But even that remission has been refused. What then are we to say? The tenancy laws have proved to be but delusory for the poor tenants. If they are to exist only on paper, one does not see much utility for them. The Tenancy Acts had better be thrown into the Ganges or thrust down the big and deep furrows made by the earthquake.



"SOVIET WAR ON GOD."

Which shows how far removed Soviet Russia is from Civilization. The Civilized World just diplomatically omits to maintain friendly relations with God.

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah told the Bombay Council that, as it stood to-day, it represented more or less the landlords while the tenants of the Presidency were not adequately represented.

The suggestion is simply amazing, considering that it was this very Council which, in the name of the people, passed the Ordinances into law. Or, is it that the landlords represent the people, though not the tenants, of Bombay?

"Mr. Mody spoke for an hour and quarter in defence of Government proposals," i.e., the Mody-Lees Pact.

How very human. Maternal instinct, they say, is always alert, strong and even furiously borse.

It was, said Mr. Mody, a historic occasion when the two powerful Nations sent their commercial leaders to seek India's hand of friendship.

Modesty, perhaps, prevented him from confessing the rest. But, if "hand of friendship" is deeply intriguing, "India's hand of friendship" is delightfully naive.

Headlines in a Delhi contemporary:—

"MUNICIPAL ELECTION BEGINS OVER 800 WOMEN GO TO THE POLLS

49 "Bogus" Voters Detained: Asaf Ali Leading."

Ought one to condemn or congratulate Asaf Ali?

According to Doctor W.E. Winton, the Seismologist, London is safe from earthquakes. That explains Winton and his fellow-Chauvinists. They hope to make up for Nature's mistake through their war-mongering.

The reason for London's safety, says Doctor Winton, is that it sits on a "soft cushion of clay." And naturally, when there are so many others, all the world over to sit "on the rocks" for it.

Signor Mussolini and Doctor Dollfuss discussed, says a cable, tariff preferences.

Details are not given, but it is generally hoped that the list of articles to enjoy free transit across the frontier will be headed by castor-oil.

Mr. A. H. Ghaznavi, says a Delhi paper, is giving an "At Home" to bid farewell to Sir B.L. Mitter and Sir George Schuster.

This is a mistake and sheer waste. Mr. Ghaznavi should probably confine his hospitality to welcome functions, subject, we need hardly say, to obvious exceptions like Sir B.L. Mitter, who will remain in India.

Parrots are dangerous birds. Two people died, says a Berlin message, and a dozen are ill at Leipzig as a result of psittacosis. We hope, visitors to the Assembly and Provincial Councils will take careful precautions.

Martin: "Both these girls are the daughters of millionaires. Why is it that one looks down on the other so?"

Gilbert: "Because one's father made his money in refined sugar, while the other's traded in crude oil."

ence between pensions in service and out of service. When this question was raised in the C. P. Council, the Chief Secretary Mr. Houghton remarked that expression of honest views should not be prohibited. We entirely agree but we would like to ask if honesty consists only in those views which are against Indian Freedom. When Government pensioners in India come to feel that the present system is not beneficial to the country they may say so only at the cost of their pension. Dyrarchy in Government seems to involve dual conceptions of loyalty and morality in Government servants.—"Indian Express."

Germany Has Placed Europe In Dilemma

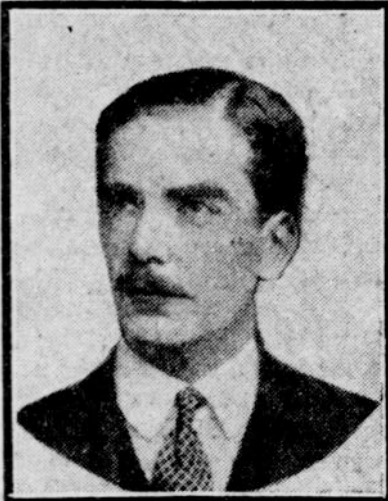
Churchill Says Premier's Scheme Will Not Be Accepted

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Mar. 14. In the debate on foreign affairs following Mr. Eden's statement Mr. Churchill said, "We have been deluding ourselves if we imagined that Mr. MacDonald's scheme was going to be accepted." Mr. Churchill expressed the opinion that the whole danger of the present foreign policy was that "We are asking the French to weaken themselves."

Col. J. Wedgwood (Labour) applauding the excellence of Mr. Eden's intentions thought that his efforts were slightly out of date in view of German expansionist aims.

Sir Herbert Samuel said that the revival of German militarism



Mr. A. EDEN.

said that it was a hundred times better to get an imperfect agreement than none. Regarding Mr. Baldwin's suggestion to get a limited convention like the air agreement if broader negotiations failed, Sir J. Simon asserted that if such a position arose Britain would not allow protracted discussions. It was essential to act quickly because time was running against the friends of disarmament and if our hopes of better things disappeared, we must face the consequences and prepare for action if necessary immediately.

MILITARIST NATION

Mr. Eden referring to a recent speech of Gen. Goering in which he said that the spirit of Prussia was marching on and will ultimately govern Germany's destiny, said that he was frankly prepared to admit the distinction between a military nation and a militarist nation, but he was confident that in the judgment of the people of Great Britain that speech belonged rather to the latter nation than to the former. (Cheers)



GENERAL GOERING.

placed Europe in a terrible dilemma, namely, to acquiesce in its growth until a terrible world catastrophe resulted, or to check it by refusing a great country equality of status.

BETTER THAN NOTHING
Sir John Simon winding up

BRITISH DELEGATES TO REFER MATTER TO GOVERNMENT

LONDON, March 14. The Anglo-Japanese textile negotiations have broken down. The British delegates have decided not to discuss further and refer the matter to the Government.

"UNACCEPTABLE." Mr. Barlow, President of the British delegation, said he was not aware what the Japanese would do. Their basis was unacceptable to the British and that of the British unacceptable to the Japanese.

"HOPELESS." Japanese circles declare that the position was hopeless.

Delegates held a half-hour joint meeting, then separated for a private discussion, after which the break-down was announced.

"ZEP" SKIPPER ON AIR RAIDS

Attacks On London During World War Belittled
By Veteran

BERLIN, (By Mail). Interesting wartime experiences were related to a Berlin audience by Baron von Buttlar, who was commander of a Zeppelin during the war and holds the highest military distinction—the Order of Merit.

The Zeppelin commander took part in numerous raids on England, the military value of which he admitted was insignificant. The moral effect, however, he claimed was great.

In 1916, he said, about 200 searchlights were worked from London, so that a Zeppelin crew could easily read a newspaper at a height of 10,000 feet. It became ever more difficult to attack London, and heavy losses were inflicted on the attackers.

Baron von Buttlar mentioned that his airship was recalled no fewer than 19 times when it was half way to England.

He told a story of how three British planes flew over the German aerodrome at Tonbern at a height of 20 feet and destroyed three hangars and two Zeppelins. They then flew on to Denmark, where they landed.

Later the aerodrome commander received a postcard from the British airman expressing regret that the German airman were without airships. They added that they hoped they would soon be able to revisit Tonbern and destroy some more.

U.S. SHIP ABLAZE IN BIAS BAY

British Destroyers Rush To Rescue And Save Officers & Crew

(SPECIAL CABLE)

HONGKONG, Mar. 14. A British destroyer "Wishart" on anti-piracy patrol brought here early in the morning, 139 officers with crew of the United States "Fulton," a 1100 tons sloop which caught fire yesterday when on piracy patrol in the Bias Bay and quickly became an inferno.

Distress signals were sent out which brought the destroyers "Wishart," "Whitshed" and a British steamer "Tsinan" rushing to her rescue.

The personnel of the "Fulton" who were taken in boats at 10 p.m. were picked up by the "Tsinan" and "Wishart" all were taken safely aboard the latter.

LINCOLNSHIRE

PROBABLES

LONDON, March 15. The following are the Lincolnshire probabilities with Jockeys:—
Nitsichin (Perryman); Totals (Charles Mirke); Versicle (Carrlake); Crumpets (Harry Wraggs); Inverman (Gunn); Gino (Fox); Old Riley (Herbert); Quarts (Johnstone); Coroado (Taylor); Philae (Cladwell); St. Oswald (Steve Donoghue); Latol (Weston); Soldier (Nicoll); Madagascars (Wells); Town Crier (Sammy Wraggs); Generous Gift (Gordon Richards); Ole King Sole (Nevett); Play On (Dines); Tom Tit (A. S. Mirke); Empire Unity (Cliff Richards); Ringmaster (Smi.h); Bleu de Roi (Hunter); Trapper (Christie); Obesity (Conlon); and Hurrah Peggy (Charpe).

No Jockeys have been selected for the following:—
Creme Caramel, Winster, Strategist and Greek Warrior.—Reuter's Special.

CALLOVER ON HANDICAP

LONDON, March 15. Following is callover on Lincolnshire Handicap:—
100/9 Versicle (Offered); 100/8 Quartz (Taken and offered) 100/7 Generous Gift (Offered) 15/1 Taken 100/7 Play On (Offered) 15/1 Taken; 100/7 Ole King Sole (Offered) 100/6 taken; 100/6 Gino (Taken and Offered); 100/6 Town Crier (Offered) 18/1 Taken; 20/1 Madagascars (Offered) 22/1 Taken; 22/1 Totals (Offered); 25/1 Bleu de Roi (Taken and Offered); 28/1 Empire Unity (Offered) 33/1 Taken; 28/1 Soldier (Offered) 33/1 Taken; 33/1 Obesity (Taken and Offered)—Reuter's Special.

GRAND NATIONAL CALLOVER

LONDON, March 15. The following is the callover on the Grand National:—
100/9 Golden Miller (Taken and Offered); 100/6 Really True (Offered) 18/1 Taken; 100/6 Delaneige (Offered); 100/6 Forbra (Offered) 100/6 Thomend (Offered); 20/1 Ready Cash (Taken and Offered) 20/1 Sorley Boy (Offered) 22/1 Taken; 20/1 Trocadero (Offered) 22/1 Taken; 20/1 Gregalach (Offered); 20/1 Pelorous Jack (Offered); 22/1 Southern Hero (Offered) 33/1 Taken; 28/1 Alpine Hut (Offered) 33/1 Taken; 33/1 Remus (Offered) 33/1 Taken.—Reuter's Special, Reuter.

BRITISH MEMO TO JAP. DELEGATION

LONDON, Mar. 14. The British memo to the Japanese Textile Delegation has been published. It contains the following concrete suggestions, namely:—

The British Delegation would agree that discussions should begin with one or more of the undermentioned regions, which the British Delegation invited the Japanese to select. The regions specified were Africa, Asia and the Near and Middle East, Europe, South America and Central America.

Markets included within the Near and Middle East were not to be included in Asia or Europe. It was suggested that cases doubt with regard to the inclusion of particular countries in one or the other area could be settled by discussion.

Market within the British and Japanese Empires were to be regarded as separate groups for discussion when suitable progress was made in connection with the other areas.

Discussions on each region was to be without prejudice to the liberty of both the Delegation in reaching final decisions on the negotiations as a whole.—Reuter.

REBUFF FOR ROOSEVELT

Senate Refuses Again To Ratify Treaty With Canada

WASHINGTON, March 14. By 46 votes to 42 the Senate refused to ratify the treaty with Canada for providing the construction of St. Lawrence waterway at a cost of 200,000,000 dollars.

This is a rebuff for the President who had twice previously urged for the ratification, and now says that the waterway must be built anyway but fears that the Senate's action might result in its being entirely controlled by Canadians.

The Treaty was concluded in 1932 after protracted negotiations.

The opposition consisted of both Democrats and Republicans.—Reuter.

ANGLO-JAPANESE COTTON TALKS FAIL

Mr. Okada Admits Inability To Find Workable Solution

LONDON, March 14. Mr. Okada in an interview with Reuter complained of the British insistence on making negotiations to cover world markets, which were impracticable.

He added that he had been here six months and done his utmost to find a workable solution, but regretted the unfortunate result.—Reuter.

EXCITEMENT IN DANUBIAN COUNTRIES

Reports Of Secret Munition Running In Hungary

LONDON, March 14. The intense excitement prevailing in Danubian countries over the reported transportation of arms from Italy to Hungary recalls the Europe-wide perturbation occasioned over a similar affair at Hirtensberg last year.

A Vienna correspondent states that these reports are vehemently denied officially, but circumstantial stories persist alleging that two heavily laden armament trains traversed Austria on March 8 and 9 and reached Hungary.—Reuter's Special.

OCEANIC BOARD & SHIPPING MERGER

Chancellor's Statement In Commons

(Special Cable). LONDON, Mar. 15. The House of Commons, Mr. Neville Chamberlain Chancellor of the Exchequer, to the shipping injunction, said that the Oceanic Board has been authoritatively advised that they are entitled to implement their part of the merger scheme without the consent of the American Company. Should legal action result contrary to the decision the parties could obtain precisely the same results by alternative methods which are not open to attack.

OFFICIAL DENIAL

BUDAPEST, March 15. It is officially stated that the rumours of alleged supplies of arms to Hungary are baseless. The press declares that they emanate from the Little Entente quarters with the object hindering the Rome negotiations.—Reuter's Special.

BLUE SHIRTS BILL PASSED

DUBLIN, March 15. The Dail by 77 votes to 61 passed the Blue Shirts Bill.—Reuter.

DEFINITE PROOF

BELGRADE, March 14. Newspapers claim of a definite proof of munition running and declare that it bodes ill for Italian invitations to the Little Entente to participate in the economic co-operation. It is stated that an appeal is being made to the League of Nations to control the Austro-Hungarian armaments.—Reuter's Special.

NEW SPEED 'PLANE

(Special Cable). LONDON, Mar. 15. A speed over 250 miles an hour is attained by a new type of single-seater low wing aeroplane with a following wind at the first trials at Gravesend. The machine is suitable as a light mailplane or high speed courier. Its normal maximum is 202 miles, cruising speed 185; and range 60 miles.

NEW TIMINGS FOR G. I. P. TRAINS

Increased Speed For North East Passenger

BOMBAY, Mar. 15. At the 107th meeting of the G. I. P. Railway Local Advisory Committee, Bombay, held on 8th March 1934, the following subjects were discussed:—

The proposed revised timings of main and branch line trains to come into force from the 1st April 1934, were placed before the members.

The Chairman pointed out that 5 Down Punjab Mail would leave Bombay at 18.05 hours instead of 16.45 and run through to Lahore via Bhatinda. The revised timings provided for very substantial curtailment in the running time of 11 down and 12 up North East passenger trains.

It had also been possible for the arrival time of 208 up at Poona to be put back to 21.40 hours, thereby providing a connection with the M. & S. M. Railway Poona-Bangalore mail which will leave Poona at 22 hours from 1st April 1934.

NO INTER CLASS

The Railway proposed to discontinue inter class accommodation on these trains as the number of passengers using it was very small and averaged in every 500 third class passengers. The Chairman said that the inter class accommodation would be replaced by 3rd class, and this would assist in preventing overcrowding in the latter class.

CONCESSIONS FOR EASTER

The list of concessions to be granted during the forthcoming Easter holidays was circulated to members. The Chairman said that this year, in addition to the usual concessions, the Railway would issue Round Tour tickets ex-Bombay to Madras via Raichur and return via Banga-

VIDYAPITH AS HOSPITAL

Govt. Order Handing Building To Ahmedabad Municipality

AHMEDABAD, Mar. 15. The Collector has communicated to the Municipality an order of the Government of Bombay handing over the building of the Gujarat National University in the possession of the police for the treatment of meningitis cases.—A. P.

RESTRICTIONS ON DINNER PARTIES

AHMEDABAD, Mar. 15. The President of the Municipality has addressed a letter to Nagarsheth drawing his attention to the resolutions passed by the Municipality stopping assembly and dinner parties exceeding 50 persons. The letter requests Nagarsheth to postpone celebrations consisting of processions, dinner parties, religious ceremonies, etc., in connection with the Conference of Jain Monks held in the City in view of the prevalence of the meningitis epidemic.—A. P.

IRON-GUARD LEADER ARRESTED

(Special Cable). BUCHAREST, Mar. 15. M. Cornelius Codreanu, leader of the dissolved Ironguard, has been arrested. Codreanu disappeared after the assassination of M. Duca, the Prime Minister, in December.

lore and Poona and vice versa. Similarly, tickets would be issued ex-Bombay to Madras via Nagpur, Howrah and Waltair and return via Raichur and vice versa.—A. P.

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

Over 250 Killed; 1,000 Injured

FIRE DESTROYS WORKERS' HOUSES

(Special Cable). SAN SALVADOR, March 15. Hundred men were killed many injured owing to an explosion of 250 boxes dynamite, in a cellar. Most of the buildings in the port were wrecked.

OVER 250 KILLED. Over 250 persons have been killed and at least 1,000 injured in the explosion. A fire destroyed four blocks of buildings including the City Hall Church.

Hundreds of workers' houses have burned out, and most of the population fled in the open country.

It is believed the explosion was the result of the sudden halting of a goods train in which there were seven tons of dynamite near the explosives warehouse.

San Salvador is the capital of Salvador Republic. The explosion occurred at the Lalibertad Harbour, 25 miles from the capital.

MORE MARKETS FOR INDIAN COTTON

NEW DELHI, Mar. 15. Sjt. T. Vijayaraghavacharya, Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research leaves Delhi to-morrow for Bombay to attend the meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee which will discuss, among other things, the extended use of Indian Cotton and finding of more markets for it.—A. P.

Mr. Kali Nath Roy, Editor of the "Tribune" was unanimously elected President of the Punjab Journalists Association.

Book Your Order At once

FOR

"Chronicle-Sentinel" Earthquake Number

Out on March 17th.

It will contain Special Messages and contributions dealing with the Bihar Earthquake and problems arising therefrom, from the following among others.

Mahatma Gandhi	K. F. Nariman
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu	Dr. S. N. Sen, (Director, Alipore Observatory)
Babu Rajendra Prasad	Sir Syed Sultan Ahmed
Dr. M. C. Javle, Mayor of Bombay	Hon. Syed Abdul Aziz
Sjt. Santosh Kumar Bose, Mayor of Calcutta.	Sir Purshottamdas Thakur-
Acharya P. C. Ray	das
Dr. M. A. Ansari	Sir Lalubhai Samaldas
Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru	Hon. Syed Hossain Imam
M. A. Jinnah	L. R. Tairsee
M. S. Aney	S. Satyamurti
Prof. C. N. Vakil	J. K. Mehta
Prof. K. T. Shah	B. G. Horniman
Mrs. Hansa Mehta	Gaya Prasad Singh, M.L.A.
R. P. Masani	M. C. Chagla
Dr. S. C. Roy (Director, Colaba Observatory)	K. M. Munshi
Sachchidananda Sinha	Sardar Sardul Singh
	R. R. Batheja
	Nagindas T. Master.

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED

Every member of your Family ought to purchase a copy and thus contribute towards the Fund.

PRICE: As. 4 of which As. 2 per copy will go to the Earthquake Relief Fund.

GIVE US Rs. 8,000 MORE TO MAKE UP 2 LAKHS

Mudaliar Runs To Mody's Rescue

But Sir Abdur Rahim Shows Up Lancashire's Hostile Attitude Before J. P. C.

NEW DELHI, March 15. The discussion on the Textile Protection Bill was resumed in the Assembly to-day. Mr. Mudaliar spoke for over an hour during which proceedings became very lively. Mr. Mudaliar said that he had come entirely to speak to his mind. He had respect for those who really non-co-operated with the Government, but gubbed as dishonest non-co-operators and those industrialists and millowners who refused to elect representatives to the Assembly, but who would sit in galleries, hover round members and with on the Commerce Member with interminable discussions and become advisor to Government on Indo-Japanese delegation.

Mr. G. P. Singh: "Then you call also those Congressmen dishonest who came into gallery for the Temple Entry Bill."

SUPERPATRIOTS.

Mr. Mudaliar: Their case is different. They did not approach the Government. I am exposing those who come in secret behind the purdah and pose as super-patriots outside. Politics seems to be the last refuge of some of these dissident millowners. Mr. Mudaliar said that it had been asked where was the "quid pro quo" for the Bombay-Lancashire Pact. Had not Mr. Khatian and others said that Japan would buy Indian cotton, whatever happened. Where then was "quid pro quo" in the case of the Japanese Agreement. He corrected some members who referred to the Ottawa Agreement by showing that under that Agreement it was stated that the Agreement should be reached between manufacturing, trading and producing interests in the United Kingdom and India for the greater use of India cotton, and the Mody Pact had done that.

Mr. Neogy interrupted and said that memorandum submitted by the Manchester Chamber of Commerce before the Joint Parliamentary Committee showed better what they understood by the Ottawa arrangement. Mr. Mudaliar quoted figures to show that during the last ten months the intake of Indian cotton by Lancashire had doubled.

MODY-GERMANY PACT!

Mr. Neogy: In the case of Germany also the purchase of Indian cotton had gone up cent per cent. Was there a Mody-Germany Pact also (Laughter).

Mr. Mudaliar: That is irrelevant.

AT THE R. T. C.

Mr. Mudaliar said the witness of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce examined by Mr. Jaykar stated that they emphatically preferred a solution by co-operation and would depend on it in the main. Mr. Mudaliar pointed to those who were to blame for even this reservation. He said that at the first Round Table Conference a provision about discriminatory treatment was reasonable, but after the Federation of the Indian Merchants' Chamber tore that agreement to pieces, the new agreement was cent per cent. worse than the original. He contended that majority of the members of the Federation were good men, but the Chamber was run by a small anti-British clique. He congratulated Government when they refused to attend Federation's annual session. Why should this commercial body enter politics, he asked. Mr. Neogy: What about the British Chambers of Commerce.

"ANTI-BRITISH"

Mr. Mudaliar: I am not concerned with Chambers in other parts of the world. There is a small section in this country which is anti-British. So long as they exist these demands for safeguards will be made. (Applause). I maintain that the majority of the people in the country do not follow them. We should treat economic matters on merits and not judge them by political prejudices.

Mr. Mudaliar complained that the Tariff Board though they wrote the report in October, they never cared to investigate the conditions of the mills in South India some of whom were comparable to the biggest in the world. He was prepared to give

up Imperial preference if the millowners would agree to reduce the duty on non-British goods to 25 per cent.

SAITSINGH'S CHALLENGE

Mr. Santsingh dispute the claim put forward by Mr. Mudaliar that this school of thought was in a majority and that the Indian Federated Chambers and other such bodies represented only a small minority. He asked if that was the case why did the Britishers require safeguards. He challenged that if Mr. Mudaliar were to stand for election, a Swarajist opponent would sweep him overboard.

VAGUE PROMISE

Proceeding, Mr. Santsingh criticised advocates of the Mody-Lees Agreement for political reason. He was of the opinion that in commercial agreements they must be guided by the recommendations of the Tariff Board and not of private individuals and now they could not depend on the vague promise of Lancashire to take more Indian cotton.

Mr. Anklesaria complained that the British Government had taken no specific step for using more cotton in fulfilment of their promise under the Ottawa Agreement.

MODY'S VOICE

Mr. Mody: My agreement has nothing to do with the British Government. It was with Lancashire millowners who in the last few months have done their best to implement the Agreement to consume more cotton from India.

Mr. Gayaprasad Singh: If no action is to be taken by the British Government then why is it to be ratified in the Assembly? Mr. Mody: On that point you had better address Sir Joseph Bore.

CULTIVATORS IGNORED

Mr. Anklesaria continued, that the cultivators were in more need of protection than the millowners, and the Mody-Lees Pact did nothing to the cultivator, and that he would oppose any fiscal proposal which did not increase the purchasing power of the agricultural masses.

Mr. Bhupatsingh moved an amendment to the effect that the Select Committee should present its report in three weeks instead of ten days as stated in Sir Joseph Bore's motion. He opposed the Lancashire Agreement as it was an agreement between a beast of prey and the prey and he feared that Lancashire would wipe out the Indian Textile Industry by later entering into an agreement with the cotton growers.

Mr. R. K. Reddy supported the idea of protection of the cotton industry as the industry held a prominent part in national economy, but he opposed the Lancashire agreement as it embodied Imperial preference to which India had not so far agreed. He suggested that the Government should take steps to stimulate the production of long staple cotton and make India self-supporting in that respect.

PROTECT SILK INDUSTRY. Mr. Azharali said that the protection given to the silk industry in the Bill was inadequate, and he quoted figures to show how silk production was diminishing in Bengal, United Provinces, Mysore and Kashmir. This industry, he held, should be treated in a separate Bill and organised on right lines.

"BULL IN ARENA"

Mr. Gayaprasad Singh said that Mr. Mudaliar's behaviour in the House was just like that of a bull entering an arena. Mr. Mudaliar, continued Mr. Singh, had no justification to call those associations and individuals who had boycotted the House, and were not represented, as dishonest and treacherous. He wondered if the Congress had not boycotted the Assembly, Mudaliar and those of his school could find a place in the Assembly.

"GUILTY CONSCIENCE"

Proceeding, Mr. Gayaprasad Singh, quoted passages from history and pointed out how the Britishers had smothered Indian industries by unfair means. When the Indian ships carried Indian manufactures into the English waters, the British manufacturers got alarmed and immediately prohibitive legislation was passed by Parliament in the year 1700 and further intensi-

Foreign Nations Have Not Helped Us

Bihar Must, Therefore, Rely On India's Generosity Alone

According to our Patna correspondent, Mahatma's arrival in Bihar has electrified the atmosphere and considerable activity is visible everywhere. A deputation, led by him, will tour the country to collect funds. Our readers must facilitate Gandhiji's work by hastening to make their contributions.

Mahatma has suspended the Harijan programme so as to be able to devote all his time to relief work in Bihar. Will our readers not facilitate his work by prompt contributions?

According to latest statistics available the loss in towns only, apart from the countryside, in the devastated area, is estimated at 10 crores.

On Thursday our readers contributed Rs. 600. This makes the Total Collections up-to-date Rs. 1,92,500.

Bihar's need is great and urgent and Bombay must maintain its reputation by paying the most it can and as soon as it can. Our readers must, at least, subscribe two lakhs.

Bihar needs 15 crores for the work of relief and reconstruction. For temporary relief alone a crore is required.

All cheques sent to the "Chronicle" should be drawn in the name of the "Chronicle" Earthquake Relief Fund.

In this humanitarian work all service counts. The rupee of a poor man is as welcome as a thousand rupees of a rich man. We, therefore, appeal to heads of offices and firms to collect subscriptions from their employees and send the amounts to us to be forwarded to Babu Rajendra-prasad.

We publish below list of contributions received on Thursday:

List of Earthquake Relief Fund received on 15-3-34 (Thursday), is as below:		
Amarchand Ratanshi, Baroda	10 0	
Staff of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., Dhulia Branch	13 0	
Residents of Dhond through Jotiprasad Doulatram	151 0	
as below:		
Sheth Jotiprasad Dolatram	25 0	
Sheth Pulchand Sobhagchand	21 0	
Sheth Kanaylal Gangasahay Khandelwal	11 0	
One Gentleman	11 0	
Sheth Gopalprasad Govind Prasad Agarwal	5 0	
Bhai Nathilal Ramchand Agrawal	5 0	
Damodar Murlidhar Agrawal	5 0	
Ramchand Rangnath Gagne	3 0	
Gangadhar Keshav Gollanda	3 0	
Baboo Gopal Khatke	3 0	
Kamaling Devnaryan	2 8	
Pandit Jainarayan Nandram	2 0	
Pandit Guljarilal Dhurralal	2 0	
Vishvanath Sambhaji Gurve	2 0	
Vishnu Babaji Gurve	2 0	
Sheth Nanjibhai Gujralal	2 0	
Kalekhan Vajirkhan	2 0	
Abashbhai Roshanali	2 0	
Chhaganlal Surajmal	2 0	
Virchand Gulabchand	2 0	
Motilal Ganeshlal Agrawal	1 8	
Lalsing Bhawanisinh Thakur	1 8	
Girjaprabha Shambhu Gaval	1 8	
Motilal Shaligram Braman	1 4	
Surajmal Jaganath Braman	1 4	
Gulabchand Sanvalia Agrawal	1 0	
Ramsamuj Singh Thakur	1 0	
Anant Ganesh Suptankar	1 0	
Khandu Anant Nai	1 0	
Bhagwandas Lonaram Oswal	1 0	
Rugnat Kondiba Mule	1 0	
Bajrangbhai Nai	1 0	
Fakirmohmed Diner	1 0	
Kisan Parvati Jagdale	1 0	
Ramsahay Ramnivas Khandelwal	1 0	
Ramchand Narayan Pant	1 0	
Vindamokan Kahaner	1 0	
Ramchand Shanker Master	1 0	
Laxman Santram Sunar	1 0	
Mahadu Shivba Gaval	1 0	
Vithal Shanker Darji	1 0	
Kaniram Lakshmanji Oswal	1 0	
Punamchand Oswal	1 0	
Harichand Varaji Oswal	1 0	
Chunilal Sardamal Oswal	1 0	
Chunilal Sardamal Oswal	1 0	
Joharilal Ganpat Braman	1 0	
Chhogalal Chunilal Oswal	1 0	
Shivlal Chatrabhuj Gujarati	1 0	
Fojmal Bhutaji Oswal	1 0	
Trambak Pandurang Godbole	1 0	
Vinayak Sitaram Sunar	1 0	
Motilal Jitma Oswal	1 0	
Narayan and Amichand Porval	1 0	
Girdharilal and Baboolal	1 0	
Vachhasingh & Patanga Sahebrao	1 8	
Hargovind and Dhagadoo Prasad Bari	1 0	
Rs. 151 0		
One Parsi Gentleman	10 0	
Sheth Prabhashanker Kevalchand	21 0	
S.K. Tiliu in memory of his son Basant Tiliu	10 0	
M.B. Joshi	5 0	
Building Timber and fire wood merchants and Brokers of Chhota Udepur through Valibhai Haji Mohmed-	120 0	
Haji Mohammedali Abdullahi	11 0	
Sheth Jilalibhai Karmullabhai	10 0	
Haji Sultanali Shaikh Kamrudin	10 0	
Jani Rughnathji Shivshanker	31 0	
Kanilal Parsottam and Chhotalal Co.	10 0	
Station Master Chhotu Udepur	5 4	
Sha Punjab Lalavadas and Hiralal Dahayabhai Co.	15 0	
Kantilal Parshotamdas & Co.	10 0	
Sha Manilal Babarilal	5 0	
Haji Shafaralla Shaikh-bhai	5 0	
Sheth Khubabhai Mialibhai	7 0	
Valibhai Haji Mohmedali	1 4	
Less Register charges	0 8	
Rs. 120 0		
R.H. Rokad	1 0	
Hari Krishna Kokji	2 0	
B.H. Mehta	1 0	
S. Rajagopal	5 0	
Messrs. Dave Sweet Mart	41 0	
R.K. Bakshi & Co.	50 0	
Hiralal Fakirbhai	5 0	
South Kanara Sporting Association, Bombay as below:	93 4	
The South Kanara Sporting Assn.	5 0	
The Kanara Young Footballers	25 0	
The Mogaveera Sports Club	16 0	
The Vidyadaini Sports Club	15 0	
The Kanara United Football Club	10 0	
The Kanara Bros. Union Football Club	5 12	
The Young India Footballers	5 0	
The Shri Krishna Football Club	5 0	
The Thowla Union Football Club	3 4	
The Kanara Rangers Maruti Football Club	3 4	
Rs. 93 4		
Sadanand Govind Rege, Uran	5 0	
R.V. Damale Advertising Agent, Bombay	1 0	
Sheth Mulraj Gordhandas Thakersey	5 0	
Resident of Por (Dt. Baroda) through Chandulal Bhalilal as below:	60 4	
Chandulal Bhalilal Trivedi	2 1/3	
Patel Jinabhai Ramdas	2 0	
Patel Ranchhodhbhai Desai	2 0	
Patel Dahyabhai Aju-bhai	2 0	
Sha Himatlal Motilal	2 0	
Sha Mulji Harilal	2 0	
Sha Hargovind Motilal	2 0	
Sha Chandulal Khimchand	2 0	
Fanch of Jamhu and Audich Baram, Por	10 0	
Diwaliba, mother of late Dahyabhai	10 0	
Patel Shambhubhai Lal-das	1 0	
Patel Vithalabhai Prabhubhai	1 0	
Patel Vavabhai Bhagwan	1 0	
Patel Vaherbhai Jivabhai	1 0	
Patel Mithabhai Bhagwan	1 0	
Patel Harjilabhai Jivabhai	1 0	
Patel Bahecharbhai Trivedi	1 0	
Patel Foolabhai Khushalabhai	1 0	
Patel Shankerbhai Haribhai	1 0	
Patel Mathurbhai Lalubhai	1 0	
Sha Lalubhai Bhogilal	1 0	
Sha Mansukhbhai Jethabhai	1 0	
Sha Sanalal Bhogilal	1 0	
Sha Keshavlal Chunilal	1 0	
Sha Chunilal Virchand	1 0	
Patel Chhotabhai Kashibhai	1 0	
Gandhi Mulji Narerbhai	1 0	
Patel Desai Shankerbhai	1 0	
Patel Shankerbhai War-sibhai	1 0	
Patel Foolabhai Haribhai	1 0	
Patel Shankerbhai Parshotam	1 0	
Patel Hirabhai Ishwar-bhai	1 0	
Patel Pragbhai Kallidas	1 0	
Patel Somabhai Venibhai	1 0	
Patel Maganbhai Dunderbhai	1 0	
Rs. 61 1/3		
Less M.O. fee and postage	0 13/3	
Rs. 60 4		
From Vadtal (Swaminarayan) Bhalalabhai War-bhai as below:	10 0	
Ben Nanaben Sakar-lal	4 0	
Patel Ishwarlal Bhalilal	1 0	
Patel Kalidas Punjab-bhai	5 0	
Rs. 10 0		
Ramjibhai Morar through Dahyabhai Manji Premji	14 12	
Mulchand Thakerdas	2 0	

fied in 1721. The demand for safeguards was due to the guilty conscience of the Britishers for the atrocities committed by their forefathers.

NO IMPERIAL PREFERENCES

Personally, he was for protection to the Textile Industry, but he could not agree to any Imperial preferences. At the same

time protection had to be given to the industry only on one condition namely for a definite period within which let must be stipulated that the industry concerned must put it house in order and be able to enter into world competition without protection.

"SHAKY PROMISE"

He endorsed the Japanese

agreement because it was between two governments, also because Japan had consented to purchase definite quota of Indian cotton. In the Mody-Lees Pact there was no such consent, but a shaky promise. He asked why the British Government had kept aloof from it, and why the Government of India wished to mix

Appeal To Medical Profession

Discriminatory Action Against Exiled Jewish Doctors Not Wanted

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—I shall feel obliged if you will kindly give full publicity to the communication given below by Saturday morning's editions at the latest, so as to reach the members of the Medical Profession in time for the public meeting convened for Sunday evening—Yours, etc.,

S. K. VAIDYA.

March, 15.

We, the undersigned members of the Bombay Medical Profession hereby declare that to appeal to Government and the Legislatures to take discriminatory action against only one section of foreign medical men, viz. some persecuted and exiled German Jewish doctors, with a view to prevent them from practising in this country, would be, in our opinion, an act of gross unfairness and inhumanity and it would be highly improper in this particular case as it is quite contrary to the traditions of our country which has given shelter to persecuted peoples in the past and, therefore, we request all these members of the medical profession who concur in the views expressed herein, to send in their names and addresses to Dr. S. K. Vaidya, at Shree Pant Bhuvan, Sandhurst Bridge, Bombay-7, and also make a point of attending the public meeting convened to be held at the Biavatsky Lodge, at 7-30 p.m.

(S.T.) on Sunday, the 18th March, 1934.

(N.B.—The names are arranged in alphabetical order.)

A. F. Bacha, F.R.C.S.
A. V. Baliga, F.R.C.S.
V. H. Bhandare, L.M. & S.
Geo. Coelho, M.B.M.R.C.P.
Mrs. J. R. D. Dadabhai, M.D.
M.R.C.P.
D. N. Dattary, M.B.B.S.
Moksh Madan Desai, M.B.B.S.
G. V. Deshmukh, M.D. F.R.C.S.
R. G. Dhayagude, M.D.
C. P. Dhurandhar.
A. S. Erulkar, M.D.
E. J. Mehta, M.B. F.R.C.S.
Ch. M. Mehta, L.M.F.R.F.P.S.
Jivraj N. Mehta, M.D. M.R.C.P.
R. G. Modak, M.D.
V. T. Modi, M.B.B.S.
Paranjpe, M.D.
N. D. Patel, M.D. M.R.C.P.
S. J. Papat, M.B.B.S.
N. A. Parandare, M.D.
R. P. Ratnakar, D.O.D.O.M.S.
V. G. Rele, F.C.P.S. L.M.S.
X. A. Fernandes.
Miss J. Jhirad, M.D.
D. Judah, M.D.
A. Karmally, M.R.C.P.
V. R. Khanolkar, M.D.
M. G. Kher, L.M. & S.
Prof. Koppikar, M.S.
Prof. M. J. Kothare, L.M.S.
F.C.P.S.
R. V. Sangriri, M.R.C.P.M.R.C.S.
D. D. Sathaye, F.R.F.P.S.
A. E. Shillim, L.M. & S.
N. R. Suyarna, M.S.
M. B. Thakore, M.B. F.R.C.S.
B. B. Yodh, M.R.C.P.
Mr. N. Bhajekar, F.R.C.S.D.P.H.
E. K. Vaidya, D.P.H. D.T.M.H. and others

CASE OF THE EXILED GERMAN DOCTORS

(Continued from page 6).

bourgeois society of which the profession forms one of the formidable pillars, apparently, that is, prides itself on the sanctity of the mealy-method principle of laissez faire. The medical gentlemen who talk of pretensions of science and humanitarianism should really favour professional rivalry which is always so 'healthy' and give a trial to the Darwinian survival of the fittest. We find, instead a regular wall being erected in greeting half a dozen Hebrew conferees while the honest British son or daughter of the industrial proletariat speaks feelingly of miserable Indian or Chinese coolie who, poor devil, furnishes sweated labour and undersells his more fortunate comrade. The doctors' guilds that are being founded to protect class-interests might certainly do well to emulate their working class comrades. They must stand for class-solidarity, not swadeshtic parastism.

themselves with private arrangements which appeared doubtful.

Mr. James declined to enter into acrimonious discussions and felt that the only sound policy was for Government, and the Legislature to scrutinize agreement between trading interests before accepting them.

NO CHANGE IN SUBSTANCE

Sir Abdur Rahim admitted that, after the Mody-Lees Pact, considerable modification in tone had occurred in Lancashire witnesses before the J.P.C., but as regards the substance there was No change (Applause). When a Lancashire witness was asked by Sir Phiroze Sethna whether he would withdraw the paragraph which implied that Lancashire wished India in perpetuity to remain a market for British goods, and not develop indigenous industries, the witness refused to withdraw it.

Sir Abdur Rahim added:—"Even the Fiscal Autonomy Convention is in considerable jeopardy."

The British Commercial representatives insisted on rigid legislative provision. They were not going to trust India, and Indian opinion. Distrust was not on our part, but on their part."

The speaker dwelt on the danger of leaving private commercial interests to enter into negotiations. If one section entered into an agreement, the other section would resent it. This happened in the case of the Mody-Lees Pact and the agreement instead of smoothing matters, had caused greater friction (Applause).

NOT DUE TO MODY PACT

Mr. Thampan believed that Government was at the bottom of the whole mischief of the Bombay-Lancashire Agreement. The house adjourned.

EXTRAVAGANCE ON LLOYD BARRAGE

(Continued From Page 6)

about 25 years more completely to dispose of their lands.

EXCESSIVE ESTABLISHMENT.

Therefore in view of rabi cultivation remaining less or practically the same as kharif cultivation hitherto actually cultivated in Sind, there should be drastic reduction in proposed establishment cost of Rs. 35 lakhs as against 14 lakhs hitherto considered sufficient. The Government had no reply to offer to my criticism except that it was of opinion that we were wrong in comparing Sind conditions of pre-barrage days and non-barrage zones with post-barrage condition in Sind, but must compare them with only the Punjab and U. P. We are not fully aware of the Punjab and C. P. conditions, and the constitution of the P. W. D. and duties of officers to be performed there are said to be quite different. The conditions of Sind crops, etc. are said to differ greatly from those of the Punjab and U. P.

It is, therefore, all the more necessary immediately to appoint a Committee of experts as suggested above to cut down all unnecessary expenditure on construction and devise the cheapest standard for management and maintenance consistent with efficiency and safety of the financial undertaking. It is no use running the scheme by maintaining excessive establishment on the advice of experts who have always proved wrong in the past in all their estimates and forecasts.

The Bombay Government took up the responsibility, on the advice of their experts, about the adequacy of estimates and forecasts in spite of the Secretary of State and the Government of India doubting them. Further, it is they who have created financial chaos by allowing the very same experts, (by Government's unparalleled laxity of control over them), to exceed their own estimates by extravagance and mismanagement. It is upto the Government of Bombay to prove their mettle and put the whole concern again on a proper footing.

Bombay has been shouldering Sind's deficit of about 80 lacs a year for the luxury of continuing an unnatural connection with it. The Government of India has promised that sum as a subvention on the event of separation. We Sindhis do not wish to put any further burden on either Bombay or Indian tax-payer, whose shoulders are not broad enough, with any deficits if we can help it. We want therefore the assistance of all public-spirited people to come to the help of the tax-payer, be he Bombay or Indian or Sindhi, for reducing this unnecessary burden by demanding a searching inquiry into this muddle.

(Concluded).

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HOOPLA

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PRESTON FOSTER
RICHARD CROMWELL
Herbert Mundin
James Gleason
Minna Gombell

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From the play "The Barker" by
John Kenyon Nicholson
Stage play produced by
Charles L. Wagner
Directed by Frank Lloyd

AT
Roxy
FROM TO-MORROW

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To-day Woman Is No Longer Artists' Model

She Has Become Artist Herself

Rani Of Jath Opens Women's Exhibition Of Fine Arts And Handicrafts

"It is quite true that Woman has been the one and endless Theme, whether in Painting, in Sculpture, in Music or in Poetry. By reason of her sensitive nature and the instinct to appreciate the beautiful in Nature, Woman is naturally gifted with a keen sense for Art. Our duty is only to encourage this innate love of Art by giving her the necessary facilities."

In these words Her Highness The Dowager Rani of Jath declared the 1st Women's Exhibition of Fine Arts and Handicrafts open on Thursday evening. The Exhibition was held in the South Wing of the Bombay University Buildings.

The Convocation Hall where the function was held was crowded to overflowing by distinguished visitors. About 50 exhibits were awarded prizes, which included gold and silver medals and silver pots.

NO LONGER ARTISTS' MODEL

In welcoming Her Highness, Mrs. Kamala S. Dongerkery said, that in spite of the short time at their disposal before the Conference, it was a matter for pleasure that exhibits were sent from all parts of the country. The aim of the Exhibition was to interest women in Fine Arts and Handicrafts, which should not be neglected by any nation aspiring to claim the foremost cultural rank. She felt that their object met with success, especially in encouraging amateur art among women. With the evolution of modern civilisation and the progress of human society, continued the speaker, Woman had advanced from a stage of almost passive existence to a stage of active life, and in the realm of Art, this transformation has taken place imperceptibly, until to-day when woman gloried more in the role of the artist than in that of the artist's model. "As an artist woman has special advantage. The refinement, the delicacy, the instinct for the beautiful in nature, and all the graces which one associates with the mind and the temperament of the artist, are the very essentials of her being." Art served a definitely social purpose said Mrs. Dongerkery in some of its forms and aspects at the present day, as in music and dancing. Apart from the vocational value of Art especially for women, the speaker asserted that the highest Art was that which was pursued for its own sake.

She hoped that the exhibition might reveal the possibilities of making Art, not merely the costly hobby of the women of wealth and leisure but the means of

earning a respectable livelihood. "This utilitarian and grosser aspect of Art cannot be scorned," went on the speaker, "in these days of economic depression which sometimes require our sex to shoulder the responsibilities of life with the male members of our families."

She then requested Her Highness to distribute the prizes and to declare the exhibition open.

WOMAN AS ARTIST

Her Highness, who was a lover of art since her childhood, was glad that the N.C.W.I. had also realised the utility of holding an arts exhibition as a side activity of the Conference. "It is quite true," proceeded Her Highness, "Woman has been the one and endless theme, whether in Painting, in Sculpture, in Music or in Poetry. By reason of her sensitive nature and the instinct to appreciate the beautiful in Nature, Woman is naturally gifted for the appreciation of Art. Our duty is to encourage this innate love of Art by giving her the necessary facilities. I admit that like a poet an artist is born and not made. This does not, however, mean that education and training are not required at all for this purpose. To master the technique of any Art, whether Painting, Sculpture, Music or Poetry, a certain amount of instruction is quite essential."

UTILITARIAN ASPECT

Her Highness took a different aspect of the place of Art in human life with its immediate realities. "Apart from the ideal of 'Art for Art's sake,'" observed Her Highness, "I cannot ignore the utility aspect of the question. In the present hard times of depression and the keen struggle for existence, if a woman can help herself at least to some extent by embroidery, needle work, or some other handicraft, in my opinion, it will go a long way in relieving partially the distress of the poor." Her Highness paid a glowing tribute to the Ancient Indian Art. The ancient paintings and beautiful masterpieces in sculpture reminded us of our past glory in the various branches of art, while in recent times we could come across Indian artists who made a name for themselves.

"India is advancing rapidly, politically, socially and economically. The women of India are awake, and I earnestly hope that they would take their rightful place and share in the all-round progress of their country," concluded Her Highness and after distributing prizes to the artists, a majority of them hailing from the city, Her Highness declared the exhibition open.

(Continued from Col. 7).

and 2 to 3 years for girls, in the Upper Primary Standard for this object.

Mrs. Sitabai Annigiri seconded the resolution which was unanimously carried.

LABOUR COMMITTEE REPORT

Miss I. Wingate then presented the report of the Labour Committee for the last term in which she drew the attention of the delegates to the unsatisfactory housing conditions of women labourers. In almost all the places, compulsory education for children was absent.

In the absence of Mrs. Choksy, Mrs. Mackenzie by a resolution, recommended to the Provincial Women Councils and affiliated societies a careful study of educational methods and institutions and to strive to raise the status of teachers.

EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

Miss Panandikar seconded the resolution which was supported by Mrs. Chester. After speeches by Lady Macpherson Mrs. Sirur and Mrs. Rustomji the resolution was carried.

A third resolution protested against the curtailment of educational facilities which resulted from the cutting down of Government Grants. Miss Reuben who moved the resolution said that the evils of improper education were inevitable, though immediately were not perceptible.

Miss Navakar seconded the resolution said that sound education needed sound teachers and better primary education would make better citizens.

Dr. Kasibai Naurange then proposed that "The National Council of Women in India realising the dire and widespread poverty in

the country and the increase of unemployment among all classes with the resultant permanent injury to child life through inadequate feeding and lack of medical care, urges its Provincial Councils and affiliated Societies to support all existing institutions engaged in medical work and endeavour to rouse City Municipalities and District Boards to a sense of their responsibility in making adequate provision for the feeding of under-nourished children and for their medical inspection and treatment.

Mrs. Zubeda Syed seconded the resolution on which discussion was adjourned till to-day (Friday).

It is understood that the Sub-Committee elected on Wednesday morning will shortly proceed to examine the constitution of the present London Sub-Committee of the National Council of Women in India, and this sub-committee is different from the Governing Body of the Council.

PUNJAB GOVT. AND REVENUE REMISSIONS

LAHORE, March 14.
Replying to Chaudhri Muhammad Abdur Rahman Khan in the Punjab Legislative Council to-day Mr. Miles Irving stated that special remission of land revenue amounting to Rs. 9,19,000/- was granted during Rabi, 1933 of which Shahpur received Rs. 1,56,000/-, Sheikhupura Rs. 55,000/-, Multan Rs. 1,87,000/-, Jhang Rs. 5,000 and Lyallpur Rs. 5,16,000. He added that conditions did not justify remissions in the districts which were deprived of this concession.—United Press.

Children Pledged By Their Parents

Women's Conference Discuss Evils Of Woman And Child Labour

The second session of the fourth Biennial Conference of Indian Women met in the University Convocation Hall, with Her Highness the Maharani Sahiba of Baroda in the chair.

Mr. C. A. Dalal who was invited to give his impressions of the conditions of woman and child labour in India, explained the recommendations of the Whitley Commission in this aspect and gave a graphic picture of the present low wages meted out to women and child employees all over the country. He stated that children were pledged as a sort of advance by their parents with the employers, and this could be seen in certain centres of carpet industry.

On behalf of the N.O.W.I., he moved that the Provincial Women should study the main unregulated industries in respective Provinces and suitable steps by Government for their regulation be urged. He further moved that the Government be requested to put into operation the Health and Welfare provisions of the New Act.

Mrs. Hamid Ali seconded the two resolutions which were unanimously carried.

Maternity Benefits.

Miss Pillai (Delhi) read a paper on the present handicaps of expectant women who were employed and moved that an All-India Maternity Benefit Act be legislated on the lines of the Bombay Act.

Mrs. Bigger seconded. Dr. Jhirad of the Cama Hospital related how the benefit awarded to expectant mothers was diverted to feed others. It was essential that women in that state of health should be nourished well. Dr. Jhirad favoured opening of poor centres where instead of giving some money to the women some food could be provided.

Mrs. Zubeda Syed feared that there might be women who, on account of considerations of caste and creed, might not enjoy the benefit given.

Mrs. Raji suggested that nobody would object to milk and fruit. The resolution was carried.

Child Labour.

The question of fixing of the age of child employees provoked considerable discussion, on a resolution moved by Mrs. Hamid Ali and seconded by Miss Jean Begg, that the minimum age of child labourers should be fixed at 14 according to the recommendations of the League of Nations Committee.

The mover said that in all other countries this recommendation was accepted, while in India alone an exception was made permitting children of 12 years to be employed in mill and other kinds of labour.

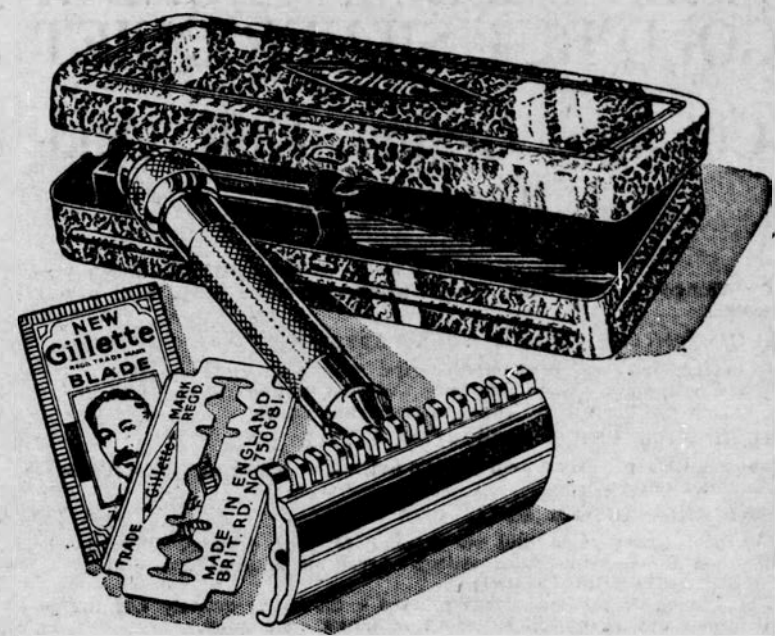
Certain delegates explained the practical difficulties in their knowledge that, after the child attained the tenth or eleventh year in age, the primary education generally concluded and if he or she had not to find work, some other alternative should be suggested; and that the legislation for compulsory primary education should precede any reform for increasing the age limit. Her Highness felt that it was not desirable to leave the children without work and without study and leave them to wander about, and invited Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to speak. Mrs. Naidu observed that India should be soon in line with other countries, which have their own governments providing facilities for compulsory education and that it was necessary at this moment that the proper lead should be given. The resolution was passed with one or two dissentients.

After two resolutions on adult education and property management were adopted, the Delegates

adjourned to lunch at Cornaglia's, to resume the session at 2 p.m. AFTER LUNCH PROCEEDINGS At 2 p.m., the conference of the National Council of Women in India met with Mrs. Sitabai Premchand in the chair to consider the resolutions.

Dr. Mrs. Malinabai Sukthankar proposed that it was necessary to combine Vocational training with the teaching of ordinary school subjects in the Upper Classes of Primary Schools, and made cer-

tain recommendations for the inclusion in the curriculum of carpentry, weaving, tailoring, printing and book-binding and sign-board painting for boys, and sewing tailoring, embroidery, toy-making, laundry, weaving, printing on cloth, domestic science and cooking, home nursing, etc. for girls, and that the period of study should be extended from 3 to 4 years for boys (Continued in Cols. 2 & 3).



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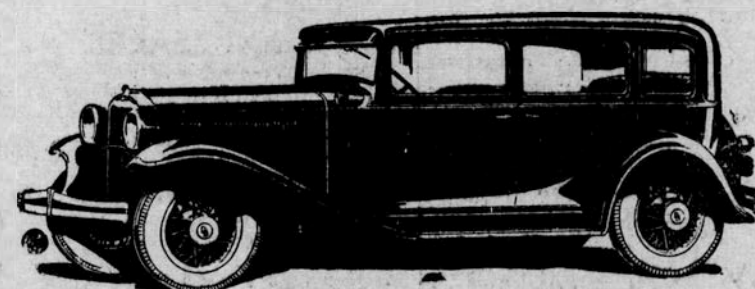
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- One 4 cyl. 1-1/2 ton 133" wheelbase CHASSIS, with 32 x 6 front and rear tyres, extra tyre and tube.
- One 4 cyl. 1-1/2 ton 157" wheelbase CHASSIS with 30 x 5 front and dual tyres at rear, extra tyre and tube.

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Latest Commercial News

STEADY TONE IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York Cotton Prices
1 Point UpSMALL RISE IN LONDON
GOLD BUT SILVER QUIETChicago Grains Dull And
Featureless

BOMBAY, March 15.
On Thursday, Cross Rates moved within a narrow range with a steady undertone.

DULL UNDERTONE IN NEW YORK COTTON

A bearish tendency predominated the New York cotton market. Prices fluctuated both ways. There was some scattered selling on one side and foreign buying on the other. The undertone was dull.

LONDON GOLD PRICE IMPROVES A LITTLE

London Gold price improved a little but silver remained almost unchanged with a quiet undertone.

WHEAT AND LINSEED DULL

Liverpool wheat ruled dull on account of poor demand. Chicago wheat declined on commission houses selling. Argentine Linseed was dull.

GILTED SECURITIES QUIET

The London Stock Exchange displayed a hardening activity and the general tendency was irregular. Giltedged securities were quiet.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK
COTTON PRICES

(May 1934)

New York, March 15	
Previous closing rate	12.24
To-day's opening rate	12.23
Difference	-.01
To-day's closing rate	12.25
Difference	+.02
Broch Expectation	Rs. 202

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1934)

Liverpool, March 15	
Previous closing rate	6.29
To-day's opening rate	6.27
Difference	-.02
To-day's closing rate	6.27
Difference	-.02

NEW YORK
COTTON MARKET

A bearish tendency predominated the New York cotton market to-day. Featureless Liverpool cables and inactivity in the Stock Exchange had a further depressing effect on the market. Although prices ranged within narrow fluctuations, the downward tendency continued.

Opening with one point lower at 12.23, May further declined on the absence of demand and some scattered selling to 12.20. At this level some foreign buying was in evidence and May rose to 12.25 but profit taking came in and values registered a low level to 12.17.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.25 with a rise of 1 point.

NEW YORK COTTON

The following were the opening quotations—
May (12.23/12.25) 12.23/12.25
July (12.33/12.35) 12.32/12.32
October (12.52/12.51) 12.45/12.45

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.
American March (6.30) 6.31
American May (6.27) 6.28
Egyptian March (5.63) 5.63
Egyptian May (5.57) 5.57

BROACH COTTON

As New York cotton futures opened with a decline of 1 point, Broach A-M ruled steady at Rs. 201-8. Operators have been waiting for the Bankhead Bill. Later New York futures were 6 points down, so Broach A-M was quoted at Rs. 201 at 10-45 p.m.

GOLD & SILVER

The local silver market ruled quiet to-day on scattered long liquidation. Shanghai T. T. on London closed unchanged at 1.4 9/16. In the local market April settlement opened to-day at Rs. 62/8 but prices declined to Rs. 62/4. At this level there was scattered short covering which rallied prices to Rs. 62/6.
Gold market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover—
Ready Silver 35 9 0
April Settlement 62 6 0
May Settlement 62 8 0
Ready Gold 33 12 6
April Settlement 33 12 6
May Settlement 33 13 0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK
CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.	
New York, March 15	
Previous closing	5.09 7/8
To-day's opening	5.09 3/4
To-day's closing	5.09 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.	
London, March 15	
Previous closing	5.10 1/8
To-day's opening	5.10 1/8
To-day's closing	5.09 13/16
Difference	-.00 5/16

FRANC RATE.

London, March 15	
Previous closing	77.43
To-day's opening	77.33
To-day's closing	77.42
Difference	-.01

LONDON EXCHANGES

London Exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar at 510-1/8 which receded to 509-3/4. The Sterling dollars closed at 5.09 13/16. Franc opened at 77.50. Fluctuations were narrow and later it was quoted at 77.33.

LONDON SILVER

The market was quiet.
Last Price. To-day's price.
Spot 29 5/8d 29 5/8d.
Forward 29 3/4d 29 11/16d.

LONDON GOLD.

Gold per ounce
296-6-2 296-6-4

BULLION

London, March 15
Influx (nil) nil
Gold (68-6-2) 68-6-4
Silver (20 5/8d) 20 5/8d

DISCOUNTS

London, March 15
3 months (11/16p.c.) 29/32 p.c.
4 months (1 p.c.) 1 p.c.
6 months (1 1/16 p.c.) 1 1/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, March 15
London on Bombay (1-6 3/32) 1-6 3/32
Paris on Bombay (5-84 3/4) 5-84 3/8
New York on Monday (29-50) 29-50
Berlin on Bombay (0-96) 0-96
London on Milan (59-53) 59-50
London on Shanghai (1-4 5/8) 1-4 5/8
London on Kobe (1-3 7/32) 1-3 7/32

BOMBAY BULLION

There was very little doing in the local bullion market. Silver opened quiet but steady at Rs. 36/10, 62/5, 62/6 for Ready, Chaitra and Vaishakh delivery. Following quiet Shanghai and London advices, there was not much activity in local silver and prices closed steady at Rs. 36/7, 62/7 and 62/10. Gold opened at Rs. 33/12/6, 33/13 and 33/13/6 for Ready, Chaitra and Vaishakh delivery.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, March 15
Liverpool wheat opened quiet with July at 53-5/8 and October at 53-3/4 about 1/4 penny lower than the previous closing. Demand was poor.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET.

Chicago, March 15
Prices in the Chicago Wheat Market declined in the absence of demand and Commission Houses selling. May was quoted at 88, July 82-1/4 and September 80-1/4.

CHICAGO OATS AND RYE.

Chicago, March 15
There was not much doing in Chicago oats market and May was quoted at 34-1/4 and July at 33.

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

Buenos Aires, March 15
Prices in the Argentine Linseed market were almost unchanged from yesterday's closing. Demand was poor and business was restricted. The undertone was dull, May being quoted at 12.35.

LONDON MARKETS

London, March 15
The following were the rates at 3.30 p.m. in the London markets—

METALS

Tin (2396) 2394 1/2 irregular
Lead (211 5/8) 211 9/16
Electrolytic Copper (236 to 236 1/2)
435 1/2 to 436
Glasgow Iron (70) 70

RUBBER

Spot 5 13/32 5 3/8 paid and value
April-June 5 9/16 5 1/2 paid and buyers

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay Mar-April (211 1/2)
211 1/2 sellers
Linseed Calcutta Mar-April (211 1/4)
211 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata Mar-April (209 9/16)
209 9/16 sellers
Rapeseed 2016 March-April (207 1/16)
207 1/16 sellers

JUTE

First Market a.s.d. Continent Noa
Crop March-April (216 1/8) 216 1/8 buyers.
Dundee March (unquoted) 218 1/4
Lightning March (unquoted) 217

JEA

Indian Pekoe (1-1 1/4) 1-0 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 2-1

WOOL SALES

In wool sales, there was a keen competition. A bulk was cleared at current rates.
Greasy inferior to average—
Lower (0-5 1/2) 0-5 3/4
Higher (1-10) 1-10
Scoured inferior to average—
Lower (0-9) 0-8
Higher (2-10 1/2) 2-9 1/2

WHEAT AND OIL SEEDS

Second All-India Forecast
CALCUTTA, Mar. 15.
The following is a summary of the second All-India Wheat and winter oil seeds (Rape, Mustard and Linseed), forecasts for 1933/34, as issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India. Acres in 1933/34 Wheat 345,03,000, Rape and Mustard 33,47,000, Linseed 26,85,000. Corresponding acres in 1932/33 were Wheat 3,23,86,000, Rape and Mustard 31,76,000 (Revised), Linseed 26,42,000 (excluding Bhopal State). Present condition and prospect of crop appear fairly good on the whole so far as wheat is concerned. As regards Rape, Mustard and Linseed the present conditions crops is on the whole fair.

JUTE SHARES STEADY
CALCUTTA, March 15.
In sympathy with better Hessian Market Jute Shares ruled steady and moderate business resulted at hardening rates. In Coals a few isolated deals took place at about unchanged rates. Teas exhibited some activity to-day and fair turnover resulted at improved prices. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Securities were unchanged. Following were the closing quotations—
Securities—3 per cent paper 76 7/8; 3-1/2 per cent paper 87 5/8; 4 per cent loan 196/70 102/12; 4 p.c. loan 193/4 100/14; 5 per cent loan 193/5 103/8; 4 per cent Punjab bonds 194/8 101/10 small lot.
Banks—Imperial Bank fully paid 1270 small lots.
Railways—Darjeeling Himalayan 55; Delhi Rohas Light

LIMITED BUSINESS ON
THE STOCK EXCHANGECOMMODITIES GENERALLY STEADY
AND QUIET

Good Business In Cocoa

(SPECIAL CABLE)

On the Stock Exchange, apart from a few isolated instances, business was limited and with some further lightening of commitments, the general tendency was rather dull.
Commodities generally were steady and quiet but good business was done in cocoa.

INDIAN STERLING
LOAN

London, March 15
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at 591

LONDON STOCK
EXCHANGE

London, March 15
The Stock Exchange markets were generally very quiet. The general tone was irregular. Giltedged after being firm reacted. Industrials generally were dull.

BRITISH FUNDS.

3 1/2 per cent Consols (280 2/8) 280 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (2102 3/4) 2102 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (2110 5/8) 2110 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (2113 1/2) 2113 1/2
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (2103 1/2) 2103 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (2110 1/2) 2110 1/2

INDUSTRIALS.

Brazilian Traction (101 5/8) 101 5/8
International Holding (102 1/2) 102 1/2
Hydro Electric (107 5/8) 107 3/8
Musical Industries (25-30) 25-6
Imperial Chemical (36-6) 36-9
Woolworth New Ord (36-6) 36-4 1/2
Swedish Match (10-0) 9-9
Dunlop Rubber (50-4) 50-4 1/2
Ford Motors (25-3) 25-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless (210 1/2) 210 3/8
British American Tobacco (115-0) 115-0
Cinema 'A' (28 1/8) 28 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (110-0) 110-0
P and O S N Co Deid (15-10) 15-10
Distillers (89-0) 89-0
British Celanese (14-9) 14-9
J and P Coats Ordinary (63-0) 63-9
Courtenays Ordinary (51-10) 51-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (13-0) 13-0
Wickers Ltd. Ordinary (9-0) 9-1 1/2
Lancashire Cotton (26-3) 26 1/2
Bengal Iron and Steel (6-3) 6-3
Tata Iron and Steel (210-6) 210-9

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western Ord (262) 259 1/4
L. M. S. Ord (228 1/4) 227 1/4
L. N. E. R. Ord (210 3/4) 210 3/8
Southern Deids (229 1/4) 227 3/4
Land Pass 5 per Stock (2127) 2126 3/4
London Board 'C' Stock (271) 277 1/4

SOLICITORS SUED BY
MANAGING CLERK

Mr. Justice Wadia at the High Court heard the suit filed by Manilal I. Mehta claiming Commission on business secured by him for the defendants, Chitnils Kanga and Maganmalla, a firm of solicitors.

His lordship, in his judgment, said that there had been a lot of hard swearing, and it was clear that one or the other side was perjurying itself. According to the plaintiff, the defendants had repudiated the agreement to pay commission, because they did not want other solicitors to know about this. Whether such an agreement to pay commission to managing clerks was professionally right or wrong was not for the court to determine.

On the merits of the case, his lordship found that there was no evidence of any such agreement, and dismissed the suit with costs.

MALAVIYAJI
AT BENARES

Leaves For Patna To-morrow To Attend Relief Committee Meeting

BENARES, March 15.
Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya reached Benares from Delhi via A'lahabad last night.
Panditji is feeling somewhat indisposed owing to the heavy strain of work but he still intends to participate in the ensuing meeting of the A.I. India Sub Committee of the Bihar Central Relief Committee, Bihar, to be held at Patna on March 18. It is understood that he is leaving for Patna on March 17.—(United Press.)

“BENGAL TREATED
AS A SPOILT CHILD”Sir P. C. Ray's Bitter Complaint
Against Bombay Leaders'
“Hostile Attitude”HIS ROBUST FAITH IN HINDU-MUSLIM
UNITY

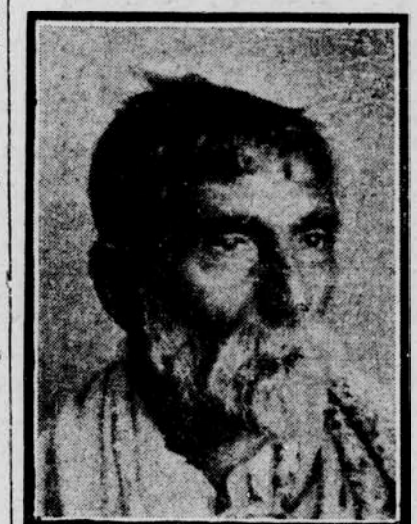
Interviewed by a “Chronicle” representative, Sir P. C. Ray, who has arrived in Bombay on a two days' visit, said:—
“On my arrival here I learnt, to my surprise and regret, that some of the Bombay leaders had misconstrued my position in taking the lead in the movement in the assertion of the economic rights of Bengal.

GALAXY OF BRAVE MEN
I have pointed out several times that Bengal which since the days of Raja Ram Mohan Roy up to Rabinadrath had produced a galaxy of brave men of whom any country might be proud, should have lagged so far behind in the economic field. In fact, I confess that as far as Commerce, Trade and Industries are concerned, the Bengalis are

the hostile attitude of some of the Bombay leaders towards the removal of some of the wrongs due to the Meston Award. To make a long story short, this iniquitous arrangement leaves us only a little over nine crores of rupees for the nation-building departments whereas, Bombay has got 15 crores. When it is remembered that Bengal has a population of four crores and Bombay a little over two crores, the injustice to Bengal will become at once evident. And this means that in Bengal, education and sanitation and that in a malaria ridden place sugar badly.

MUSLIM CATHOLICITY
“Now to take up another point at the request of your Editor, I have been a close student of History from my boyhood upwards. In fact, I have often said in my speeches and books that history is my forte and that I became a chemist by accident or mistake. Throughout the Mohammedan period, from Alladin Khilji downwards up to Alivardhikhan and Sirajuddaulah I do not find a trace of communalism amongst the Muslim emperors or their Muslim deputies. Catholicity marked their policy throughout. Or other Shah who expelled Humayun from the Delhi Gadi, an English historian remarks that his generous method of administration may well be imitated by the present rulers. Even at the present moment, I have counted one by one all the leading Muslim leaders of Bengal and I find with very few exceptions that they are intensely patriotic and are anxious to give a wide berth to communalism.

A FEW BLACK-LEGS
Of course, a mighty Government with huge patronage at its command, can easily wear away a few Muslims, who might be regarded as so many blacklegs. Both amongst the Hindus and the Muslims, there are found a few—a rare few—men of intelligence who have not hesitated to sell their birthright for the proverbial mess of pottage. What strikes me is that there have been so few instances of so many blackleggers as might have been expected. I make bold to say that the majority of the brethren of Islamic faith, who are politically conscious are singularly free from any taint of communalism. At times in my old age, I despair of the future of our unhappy land, but robust optimism asserts itself and I am confident that the dark clouds overhanging our land will soon be dissipated and the Hindus and the Muslims will march as comrades in the path of progress and of the attainment of Swaraj.



SIR P. C. RAY

as helpless as a newly born babe and it is for this reason that my province has been the dumping ground not only of the products of Lancashire and Japan but also of Bombay and Ahmedabad. This is all the more to be regretted because Bengal has been the home of Swadeshism since the Partition of that Province a quarter of a century ago. While the infant Bombay mills were gasping for breath and were on the point of extinction, the Boycott movement which was the outcome of Swadesh spirit took its origin and since then Bombay has waxed fat as I have often said.

BOMBAY'S OPPORTUNITY
In fact Bengal's adversity and backwardness has been Bombay's opportunity. It was with utter amusement, that we in Bengal received the news that our Province was being treated as a spoilt child. Even the ultra moderate Sir N. Sarkar, at the last R.T.C. bitterly complained of

SUGAR AND MATCH
EXCISE BILLSGovt. Announcement On
Their Bearing To Indian
Tariff Act.

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—
The Government of India announce that the provisions of section 10 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 apply to the conditions that will be created by the passing of the Sugar Excise and the Match Excise Bills. Section 10 reads as follows:—

“In the event of any duty of customs or excise on any article being imposed, increased, decreased or remitted after the making of any contract for the sale of such article without stipulation as to the payment of duty where duty was not chargeable at the time of the making of the contract, or for the sale of such article duty-paid where duty was chargeable at that time,

(a) if such imposition or increase or decrease of duty, as the case may be, (or any part thereof) is paid, the seller may add so much to the contract price as will be (equivalent to the amount paid in respect of such duty) or increase of duty, and he shall be entitled to be paid and to sue for and recover such addition, and,

(b) if such decrease or remission so takes effect that the decreased duty only or no duty, as the case may be, is paid, the purchaser may deduct so much from the contract-price as will be equivalent to the decrease of duty, or remitted duty, and he shall not be liable to pay, or be sued for, or in respect of such deduction.”

CHILDREN'S DRAMA
IN TAMIL

(From A Correspondent.)

Little girls of the Bombay Suburban South Indian Society's music class Khar, enacted a Tamil play entitled “Triumph of Truth” on Saturday night. The specially erected pandal at Khar was almost packed and the audience was treated to a very enjoyable entertainment and to some good music. All the child actors played their parts well. The comic parts were played by Miss Vedabai in the roles of the “Bandit Chief” and “the Dobby” were very realistic and amusing. The synchronising of her music to the action added more to the comic effect of the setting. Miss Parvati in the roles of “Kamakshi” and the “Sanyasi” played the part of villain truly. Miss Padma the heroine, Miss Pillai the heroine and Miss Seeta who took the part of “Rammath”, deserve special mention as they had the lion's share of the play to act. T. R. Rao had skillfully trained the young girls. The play was written by him specially to suit the age of the children. The Society is doing good work in providing social and educational amenities many of which are thrown open to all the communities and it deserves a good financial support.

ASSAM COUNCIL
PASSES CUT MOTION

Govt.'s Education Policy

SHILLONG, March 15.
Three censure motions against Government's Education policy were carried to-day, reducing the grant under the head by Rs. 5. The grants for civil works and the Public Health Department were, however, carried without cut.—A.P.

NO IMPROVEMENT IN YARN DEMAND Art Silk Yarns Steady

BOMBAY, March 14. There has been no improvement to report in the Yarn Market during the whole week and prices have shown a slightly easier tendency on the whole. The further sagging tendency in the Cotton market combined with the continued absence of satisfactory demand from almost all important consuming districts has been responsible for such a continued dull state of affairs in the Yarn Market. Reports from consuming districts are again very discouraging and enquiries have continued to remain very slack. It is clear that there has been no improvement in the purchasing power of the masses and naturally therefore they are not able to pay even reasonable prices for their requirements in cotton yarns. It is not surprising therefore that the sales in the local market are very restricted. Even as regards Coarse counts the turnover has fallen off and sales reported by the dealers are very poor. As regards Medium and Fine counts demand is very limited. Prices offered in most cases are very low and unremunerative. In case of Japanese yarns, there has been comparatively better turnover but compared with the activities during the previous weeks the turnover is much smaller. On the whole the general activities in the Yarn Market during the past week have continued to remain very poor and judging from the present circumstances the outlook in the near future does not seem to be very hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS.
No business has been possible in this class of yarns. As we reported some time back there has been an arrival in the local market of 2/100s Japanese quantities which the Import Offices sold a few weeks back at prices about 6d per lb. lower than the Manchester prices. It is to be particularly noted that the Japanese Spinners have now begun to supply even finer yarns such as 100s and upwards to the Indian Markets.

JAPANESE YARNS.
Prices have remained unchanged in almost all Japanese yarns but the turnover has not been so good as during the previous weeks. In case of 2/60s Merized yarn the undertone has remained fairly healthy on account of the higher prices quoted by Japanese Import Houses and the limited stocks in the market. As regards Single yarns the undertone is rather easy. Fresh forward business has been very limited probably on

account of the higher prices quoted by the Import Houses. Dealers however are not prepared to pay any higher prices, on the other hand, in sympathy with the recent decline in cotton prices they are looking forward for further decline in the limits offered by the Import Houses. Samples have declined further in sympathy with cotton where as Exchange has remained unchanged and steady.

ART SILK YARNS.
Syndicate prices have remained unchanged during the week. Sales however of Syndicate goods have been now very restricted on account of the heavy arrivals of Japanese yarns and also due to lack of demand from the important consuming districts. According to the latest information received by us the arrivals of Japanese yarns not only in Bombay but also in Madras have been very heavy and unsold stocks with the dealers of all Japanese yarns have been fast increasing. Some of the weak holders have been pressing sales with the result that prices are steadily declining. As usual in declining markets consumers have been buying only just sufficient for their immediate requirements. Some of the dealers have been now feeling nervous and have been trying to clear off their stocks at much lower prices in as much as they are afraid that further heavy arrivals of Japanese yarns will cause a still further decline in prices and as a result sales of Syndicate yarns will also be seriously affected. Fresh forward business in Japanese yarns has been very small and negligible during the week on account of the nervousness prevailing amongst the local market as well as amongst the consuming districts. The undertone is weak and the future tendency is rather downwards.

INDIAN YARNS.
Some of our Mills have now been showing anxiety to make sales of their yarns owing to continued decline in cotton prices during the last few days and one or two big local Mills have made sales of their coarse counts to the extent of about 3000 bales at prices about quarter to half anna per lb. lower than before. As regards counts like 20s and fine there has been hardly any improvement in demand as yet. Stocks with the Mills have been increasing and in the absence of satisfactory demand they have not been able to sell except at unremunerative prices. The tendency at the close is rather weak.

INDORE PRODUCE MARKET.

Indore, Mar. 12.
(From Messrs. Gangadhar Waman & Co.)
Wheat Seeds and Cotton. Rate per Maund of 4 Mds. Bungal.
Wheat Bombay pass Rs. 21. 22.
Wheat Malvi Rs. 19. 20.
Wheat Fissi Rs. 17. 18.
Gram Rs. 12. 15.
Tuar Rs. 16. 18.
Moog (Green) Rs. 15. 17.
Moog (Black) Rs. 12. 14.
Dhania Rs. 19. 20.
Chilies Rs. 87. 102.
Lentils Rs. 15. 16.
Linsed Rs. 19. 20.
Cotton seed Rs. 8. 10.
Oils Cakes Rs. 18. 20.
Kappas Malvi Rs. 30. 34.
Kappas Nimadi Rs. 28. 30.
Cotton Malvi per boja of 4 Mds. Bungal Rs. 75. 80.
Cotton Nimadi per boja of 4 Mds. Bungal Rs. 76. 81.
Baroh opening 203 and closing 204. Market steady.
Wheat flour Maids per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10.
Wheat Itawa per bag of 95 srs. Rs. 10/8.
Wheat Aita per bag of 90 srs. Rs. 7/12.
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs. Rs. 2/12.
Tea per lbs.—
Lipton Re. 0/10 to Re. 1/12. Brook Bond Re. 0/9/6 to Re. 1/10.
Bharmal Re. 0/8/5 to Re. 1/8. Otur Brand Rs. 8 to 1. 10.
Chandara Re. 0/9, to Rs. 1/12. Market steady.
Shares:—
100 P. N. Bhandari Ltd. L. State Mills Rs. 34.
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd. Rs. 109.
100 Hukumchand Bhai Ltd. Rs. 145.
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (Ord.) Rs. 116.
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (Pref.) Rs. 103.
100 Nandlal Bhandari Mills Ltd. Rs. 92.
100 Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd. Rs. 7.
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd. Rs. 23.
100 Bined Mills Ltd. Rs. 104.
100 Bhagurath Spinning and Weaving Mills Ltd. Rs. 6.
50 Navayanga Mills Ltd. Re. 1.
7/8 Hukumchand Jait Ltd. Rs. 10.
25 Indore Co-operative Bank Ltd. Rs. 12/8.
25 Indore Co-operative Dairy Ltd. Rs. 3.
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd. Rs. 2.
25 Indore Bank Ltd. Rs. 19.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 12.
Messrs. Lewis & Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:
LATEST PRICES.
£ s. d.
Wiluna Gold Corporation, Ltd. 2 18 0
London Tin Corporation Ltd. 0 15 6
Turner & Newall Industries 2 9 6
Associated Electric 0 18 0
Attock Oil 0 13 3
Associated Portland Cement 1 12 0
Electric Supply Corporation 3 17 9
Guest, Keen & Nettlefold 0 17 6
Beira Railways 0 12 0
County of London Elec. Supply Ord. 3 0 0
Marconi International Marine Calendar's Cable & Constn. Co. 3 1 6
General Electric Ord. 2 3 0
London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves 3 19 4 1/2
L. & N. E. Railway 4 p.c. 2nd Pref. 43 0 0
International Rlys. of C. America dol. 4.00
Malayalam Plantations 1 9 9
British Burma Petroleum 0 3 6
Soudan Plantations 1 14 3
British S. Africa (Chartered) 1 3 9
Pahang Consolidated Ord. 0 7 9
Indian Copper Corporation Ord. 0 3 0
British Treasury Bills (3 months) 0 18 0
Market reacting from recent advance.
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd. Re. 1.
Bullion:—
Gold Bar total Rs. 25.
Silver per 100 tola Rs. 57.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Mar. 15.
SETTLEMENT SCRIPTS.
3 1/2 p.c. G.P.N. Sett. 87-5-6
3 1/2 p.c. G.P.N. Cash 87 6
4 p.c. 1900/70 Sett. 102 11
4 p.c. 1900/70 Sett. 102 12
5 p.c. 1945/55 Sett. 114 15
5 p.c. 1945/55 Cash 115
TAXFREE.
4 p.c. 1933/63 Mysore 101 15
5 p.c. 1935 Mysore 114 4
5 1/2 p.c. 1938 Mysore 109 4
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 B.D.L. 105 14
3 1/2 p.c. 1947/50 Cash 98 3
4 p.c. 1934/37 Cash 100 7
4 p.c. 1943 Cash 102 10
4 1/2 p.c. 1934 Cash 100 14
4 1/2 p.c. 1935 60 Cash 107 12
5 p.c. 1939/44 Cash 107 6
5 p.c. 1940/49 Cash 107 10
5 p.c. 1933 Cash 103 5
5 1/2 p.c. 1938/40 Cash 107 15
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 T.B. Cash 105 5

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)
4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974 96 8
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1974 96 8
4 p.c. M. Deb. 1959 107 0
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954 118 12
6 p.c. K.P.T. 1956 118 12
6 1/2 p.c. B.I.T. 1937 108 0
3 1/2 p.c. paper opened today at Rs. 87/5 and declined to Rs. 87/6. Later on prices improved to Rs. 87/6 and closed as above.

LONDON COPPER MARKET

Undercurrent Of Nervousness

London, Mar. 2.
Although the general atmosphere is not pessimistic, undoubtedly an undercurrent of nervousness has been apparent. Confidence in a continuance of American improvement failing some fresh action by the Administration of a stimulating character has waned, and the tension in and around Australia needless to say in causing a good deal of anxiety. Germany appears to be buying all metals, state Messrs. M. and B. Stern.
The past week has not been very eventful and most interests have been content to adopt a waiting attitude in the presence of so many uncertain features in the general situation. Pressure of selling refined copper from America has been relaxed and producers have not followed the tendency downwards to any great extent. Standard has been irregular but has shown steadiness at the lower level touched and closes 10 below the close of last Friday for three months. The dollar price of copper is around 15 1/16 per cent. European consumption is well maintained and purchasing is steadily pursued from day to day, although not in spectacular volume.
The turnover for the week is about 3,850 tons.

RICE SITUATION IN JAPAN

According to what was shown by Mr. Hasumi as to the relative figures for the supply and demand of rice for 1934, there is for supply 9,000,000 koku, carried over from the previous year, 70,800,000 koku to be harvested, an estimated total of 8,500,000 koku from Chosen, and of 4,000,000 koku from Taiwan, with a grand total of 92,300,000 koku. As to the demand against these figures, the estimated amount of consumption is 73,100,000 koku and the estimated amount for export 420,000 koku, with a grand total of nearly 73,600,000 koku. As a result, the balance of supply and demand will see the stock carried over between seasons as 18,700,000 koku. Deducting 5,000,000 koku as an ideal amount to be carried over, we find still left the enormous amount of 13,700,000 koku. Confronted by this huge surplus stock, some proper measures must be formulated.—The "Osaka Mainichi".

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Mar. 14.
Spot Silver 48 3/4 cent
March Delivery 48 3/8—05
May Delivery 47 3/8—01c
Tone—Steady.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, March 15.
Castor seeds May delivery Open at Rs. 25/14; Highest Rs. 25/14/9; Lowest Rs. 25/13/6. Closing Rs. 25/14/6.
Groundnut seeds May delivery Opening Rs. 23/2/6 Highest Rs. 23/4/1; Lowest Rs. 23/2/2; Closing Rs. 23/3/.

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, March 15.
Linseed May 6-6-6
Linseed September 6-10-6
Wheat May 3-15-0
Wheat September 3-15-6

READY COTTON SALES.

March 15.
198 Toyopodar Mill, Neemuch 168 3/4
100 K. Damji Palej old 156
100 K. Damji Palej 156 1/2
100 Birla Bros Jaora 3 off
100 Narshi Nagshi Patoki 18 on
48 Volkart Bros Purna old 158 1/2
55 Kotak and Co, Bantva 25 off
35 Kotak and Co, Bantva 25 off

SEEDS.

London, March 14.
Cottonseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, no offers.
Castorseed Bombay, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, March/April sellers 29-11-3.
Rapeseed Toria, (Hull) c.i.f. per ton, March/April sellers 29-9-0.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Mar. 15.
Following unchanged New York advances the local cotton market ruled steadily with improved demand influenced by expectation of passage of the Bankhead Bill. Branch A-M delivery opened at Rs. 200/12 and in the absence of any selling prices advanced to Rs. 201/8 on speculative buying by Bank operators. The undertone of the market was steady.
Quotations at 2-15 p.m. were as under:—
Branch A-M. 201/8
Branch J-A. 207/8
Omra March 177
Omra May 177/8
Bengal March 137/8
Bengal May 139/8
Bengal July 142/8
Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points and later on was quoted unchanged. The local market ruled steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—
Branch A-M. 201/12
Branch J-A. 207/12
Omra March 176/4
Omra May 177
Bengal March 136
Bengal May 138
Bengal July 141

LINSEED.

London, March 14.
Linseed Calcutta, (London) per ton March/April sellers £11-5-0.
Linseed La Plata, c.i.f. Hull per ton, March/April sellers £9-13-3.
Linseed Bombay, (London) Hull per ton, March/April sellers £11-10-0.

LINSEED OILS.

London, March 14.
March sellers £18/0.
Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. May/Aug. sellers £19/6.

LONDON RUBBERS.

London, March 14.
Smoked sheet standard ribbed lb. 1/8 sellers.

LONDON SILVER.

London, March 14.
Silver.—Market quietly steady.
Spot 20-5/8
Forward 20-3/4

LONDON GOLD.

London, March 14.
Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-16-2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, March 14.
Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0/7/8 per cent to 0/15/16 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 1-1/16 per cent to 1-1/8 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.
Interest Day to Day Loan 0-3/4 per cent.
Interest 7 Days market Loan 0-3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, March 14.
F. T. London on—
Berlin 12.84
Amsterdam 7.57-1/2
Brussels 21.88
Madrid 37.43
Milan 69.53
Berne 15.80
Paris 77.53
Prague 122.75
F. T. London on New York Closing Cross rate .. 5.10-1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, March 14.
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China 16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) 141
R. & O. Banking Corporation. 10-5/8
National Bank of India .. 50-1/8
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90 113-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961 102-5/8
Rupree Paper 3-1/2 per cent. 1948 or later 79-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later 91-1/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55 111-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. 1920-30 .. 80-3/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952. 103-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. .. 110-1/2

LONDON METALS.

London, March 14.
Copper Braziers 44-1/2
Yellow Metal 37
Spelter Hard Indian Brands. 14-7/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge. 16
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F.O.B. 236-1/2

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, March 14.
Wheat, Rozaric Santa Fe, Parcels March/April sellers 18/3.
Wheat, Barletta Russo, Parcels, March/April sellers 18/3.
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels, March/April sellers 21/0.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, March 14.
Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—
C & F Calcutta, March/April per cwt. nominal 6/10-1/2.
C & F Bombay, March/April per cwt. sellers 6/7-1/2.
C & F Karachi, March/April per cwt. sellers 6/7-1/2.

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET.

London, March 14.
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot March 1934 6/0 7/16

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Mar. 14.
Messrs. Battilana and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—
Dol.
Amer. Power & Light 5 p.c. P.A. 22
Amer. Power. Power Com. 10
Amer. Power. Power Gold D 33
Amer. Power. Power 7 p.c. P 24
Electric Bond Common 18
Consolidated Gas 47
Columbia Gas 16
United Corp. 7
American Tel. & Tel. 122
Western Union Tel. 57
Radio Corp. 8
Chesapeake & Ohio 45
New York Central 38 3/4
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. 31
Erie R. R. 22
Pennsylvania R. R. 36
Union Pacific R. R. 129
Great Northern 30
National Dairy 47
Hiram Walker 47
Distillers Seagram 20
Amr. Tobacco B 71
United L. P. 4
Dupont 98
Bethlehem Steel 44
American Smelting 33 3/4
Noranda Mines 46
Int. Nickel of Canada 29 1/4
Anacoda Copper Mining 15 1/4
Kennebec Copper 20
Cerro de Pasco Copper 36
International Harvester 38 1/2
General Motors 82
Packard Motor 22
General Electric 39
Goodyear Tyre 39
Mid. Con. Petroleum 32
Atlantic Refining 92
Sococo 16 3/4
Plymouth Oil 15
American Radiator 15
Chase Bank 27 3/4
National City Bank 29 1/4
Sun Life of Canada 485
National Distillers 28
Colnase Corporation of Am. 40
St. Oil of N. J. 45
Alaska 34
General Foods 21
Toner—Dull market.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. May highest 1230+08 (11-55 a.m.) lowest 1220-04 (-48 p.m.)
Liverpool May highest 630-02 (3-45 p.m.) lowest 626-08 (10-15 a.m.)
Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—
U. S. A. Mill consumption for February 478,000 bales (against 508,000 for January 1934; and 44,200 for Feb. 1933).
Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 14th inst. (6-24 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Raynolds and Gibson:—
"Market still feels need of new stimulus, meanwhile around six pence would buy but would liquidate portion of holding on strong markets. Rubber active. America persistent buyer, recommended purchases on any setback October/December 5 19/32 5 21/32 January/March 5 11/16 5 3/4 Copper 533."
Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—
Liverpool. Bankhead Bill expected pass without amendments holding production on ten millions.
New York. Walling market. Home trade buying pending legs'ation.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, March 14.
May 1934 12.24
July 1934 12.34
October 1934 12.47
December 1934 12.58
January 1935 12.61
Midling Spot 12.45

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, March 14.
March 1934 12.08
May 1934 12.20
Spot 12.30
New York 10-55 a.m.—
May 1934 12.26
July 1934 12.36
October 1934 12.62
New York Noon Call—
May 1934 12.27
July 1934 12.35
October 1934 12.62

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, March 14.
Bales
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports 8,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain Nil
Days' Exports to the Continent 9,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, March 14.
10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations. Price.
March 1934 6.27
April 1934 6.30
May 1934 6.24
June 1934 6.28
July 1934 6.27
August 1934 6.26
September 1934 6.26
October 1934 6.26
November 1934 6.26
December 1934 6.26
January 1935 6.26
February 1935 6.27
March 1935 6.28
Midling Spot 6.60 7 per cent. Andhra Vly

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, Mar. 14.
The Share Bazar ruled fairly steady to-day with a moderate turnover. Bellapur Sugar shares improved further on renewed buying during the early part of the day but at the advance there was some realising which resulted in some decline from the highest.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Mar. 15.
Bom. Dyeing 751, 55, 53, 55
Century 219, 18, 20, 22
Central India 248, 51, 50, 53
Colaba 78, 80/10
Kohinoor 120, 33, 32, 34, 33
New Great 121, 26, 25, 23, 25
Simplex 85, 87, 86/14
Swadeshi 172, 76, 81-14, 180-10
Bundi 27-12, 11, 12
T. Cement 345, 46-14
T. Steel Dtd. 213, 211-14, 212
T. Steel Ord. 56-4, 6, 2, 4
B. Steam 273, 73, 71-14
B. Burma 433, 35, 31-14, 32
Tata Hydro 146-4, 146-9
Andhra 1406, 15, 8, 15
Tram. Ord. 141-9, 141-14
Tata Power 990, 91, 90, 96, 92, 94.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, March 15.
Rs. as
100 Ahm. Advance 282 8
100 Bom. Cotton 20 0
100 Bom. Dyeing 756 4
100 Bradbury 60 0
100 Century 222 8
100 Central India 252 12
100 Co'ab 30 10
100 Coorla 62 8
100 Crescent 7 0
100 Currim 5 0
100 David 60 1
100 Dawn 401 4
100 E. D. Sassoon 0-2-6
100 Elphinstone N 3 8
100 Finlay 68 8
100 Farnji Petit 95 0
100 Gokak 115 1
100 Hindustan 1625 5
100 Kastoorchand 3 0
100 Indore 115 0
100 Khatau 55 8
100 Kohinoor 133 2
100 Laxmi 715 0
100 Madhwal 4 0
100 Madras United 65 9
100 Morari 425 0
100 Model 48 4
100 Mysore 90 0
100 New Great 125 0
100 Osmania 125 0
100 Phoenix 280 0
100 S. Sassoon 31 6
100 Sholapur 2800 0
100 Simplex 86 14
100 Swadeshi 180 10
100 Swan 37 8
25 Tata 9 14
500 Vishnu 1437 8
1000 Western 731 4
50-60 Baroda 90 8
25-50 Central 24 2
500 Imperial 1250 12
125-500 Imp. County 134 4
50-100 India 107 8
5 Union 4-8-8

BANKS.

10 Ahmedabad Old 143 12
1000 Amchar Valley 1415 0
100 Ajmer 314 0
50 Bombay Tram 141 14
100 Bombay Suburban 130 0
100 Karachi 191 4
100 Poona 187 8
100 Surat 171 4
100 Tat. Hydro 146 9
1000 Tata Power 994 6

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Prantej xd 770 0
100 C. Province 79 12
100 Dhon. Baramati 83 0
100 Gujarat 57 8
100 Mandra Bhon. 77 0
100 Pachora Jamner 736 4
100 Sara Sirajgunj 82 0
500 Tapti Valley 736 4

MININGS.

10 Shivrampur 17 0
30 Tata Steel Def. 212 8
75 Tata Steel Ord. 56 4

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 Alcoek 191 14
50 Belapur Sugar 187 8
100 Bombay Steam 271 14
125 Bombay Burma 432 8
60 Bombay Burma County 143 12
8ah. Br. B. Petrol 2-9-6
50 Bombay Telephone 87 8
100 Ind. Bleaching 133 12
100 Indian Radio Def. 541 4
100 Indian Radio Ord. 485 0
1000 Port Canning 572 8
15 Scindia 9 9
30 Tata Construction 64 4
25 Tata Oil 17 12

PREF. SHARES.

60 7 per cent. Andhra Vly

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, March 15.
B.C. Rate T T D D 1/6
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/8
Banks buying T T D D 1/6 1/8
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 April-May
Banks selling T T 1/6 June-July
Banks buying T T 1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/8
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 March-June
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 May-June
NEW YORK—
B.C. Rate T T 263
Banks selling T T 261
Banks buying T T 260
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 581
Banks buying D D 591
AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 56 1/2
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 79
Banks buying 60 Days 77 3/4
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 103 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 92 1/2
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156 3/4
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 56 1/4
HOLLAND—
Banks selling D D 95 1/2
RUSSIA—
New York/London 5.10 14th inst.
Shanghai/London

JUPITER
GENERAL

has various schemes of
LIFE INSURANCE to
suit all J9

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1912.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1934

JUPITER
GENERAL

will gladly supply full
particulars about life in-
surance for mere asking.
J10

Stir Among Indore Social Reformers

Princess Betrothed To Official Who Has Already A Wife

Considerable stir has been created in Indore, writes a correspondent, by the announcement that a Princess of the ruling family of the State has become affianced to an Indian State official.

The reason for the excitement and the buzz of comment and gossip, to which the report has given rise is that the official concerned has already a wife and three children.

Social reformers, feel that the ruling family at this time of day should, even if it is somewhat belated, make a start in setting an example to the subjects of the State in such matters.

It is felt, also, that even if modern social usage is not to be followed and social reformist ideals treated with disrespect, the marriage of a young Princess closely related to the Ruler to an elderly man, already possessed of family responsibilities would be undesirable.

Public sentiment is antagonistic to such a marriage. It is felt that it would be more suitable if a bridegroom for the Princess were sought for in one of the

ruling families of some other Indian State.

Some say it is a tradition of the Indore ruling family that the Princes should not marry more than one wife, and that the rule should, and always has applied to the case of a Princess—namely that she should be the only wife of her husband, who should be a member of a princely house.

It is true that the ex-Maharaja has more than one wife. But his case is exceptional and he married his European wife, subsequent to his abdication.

Anyway the news of this coming marriage has considerably agitated the State subjects of Indore and the socially reformed section are thrown into a ferment of indignation by the announcement.

FRONTIER WALK-OUT

Sequel To President's Ruling On Consideration Of Shariat Bill

PESHAWAR, Mar. 15.

Exciting scenes were witnessed when the Independents, the main opposition, block in the Frontier Council, staged a walk out as a protest against the President's ruling holding the motion for the immediate consideration of the Shariat Bill out of order as the required seven days notice had not been given.

Four members of the Liberal Party including Khan Bahadur Abdul Rahim, the deputy president, joined in the walk out.

Explaining the situation, the President Khan Bahadur Abdul Ghafoor Khan said that when on the score of the time limit the motion was not admitted, the mover applied for the exceptional powers of the Chair for the suspension of the standing order. The Chair gave the question all possible consideration and decided that it was not justifiable to exercise the exceptional powers.

The bill introduced affected the social and religious fabric of society vitally as also the rural population and many measures that had been designed for their benefit for a long time. Obviously the Chair could not be justified in exercising the special powers to inaugurate such far-reaching measures. The law which had stood the test of time could easily stand over for another six months. The mover had to face the inevitable consequences of his mistake.

The bill aimed at wide changes in the law of succession, special property of females and marriage and divorce laws.

RURAL COUNCILS BILL

On a motion of Sir Abdul Qayyum in the Frontier Council today Mr. Ghulam Rabbani's Rural Councils Bill to foster and develop local self-government in rural areas in the Frontier Province was circulated for the purpose of eliciting public opinion by the next session.

Rai Sahib Mehr Chand's Local Options Bill providing for the restriction of sale of intoxicating liquor according to the wishes of local bodies was also similarly circulated to elicit public opinion.

The Council adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

"PROPHET OF CLASS STRUGGLE"

Tributes To Karl Marx

Under the auspices of the Marxist League, Bombay, a public meeting was held on Wednesday evening, at the Students' Brotherhood Hall to commemorate the 51st anniversary of the death of Karl Marx, when Mr. Adhikari, Randive, and others spoke, and paid tribute to the deceased leader of the proletariat, as Mr. Adhikari described him, "whose prophecy of class struggles in a Capitalistic order, of Society had only come too true."

"To-day the name of Karl Marx is on every lip," declared Mr. Adhikari, in the course of his speech, "and with Marx on their lips and as Capital under their arms, the Workers of the World are fighting for their very existence against the organized attack of the Factory Owners, in almost every Capital of a civilized world."

The contribution of Marx to the Thought of the World, continued the speaker, was a remarkable "Trilogy," namely, the materialist interpretation of History, the Class Struggle, and the function of the State as the Power behind the Ruling Class.

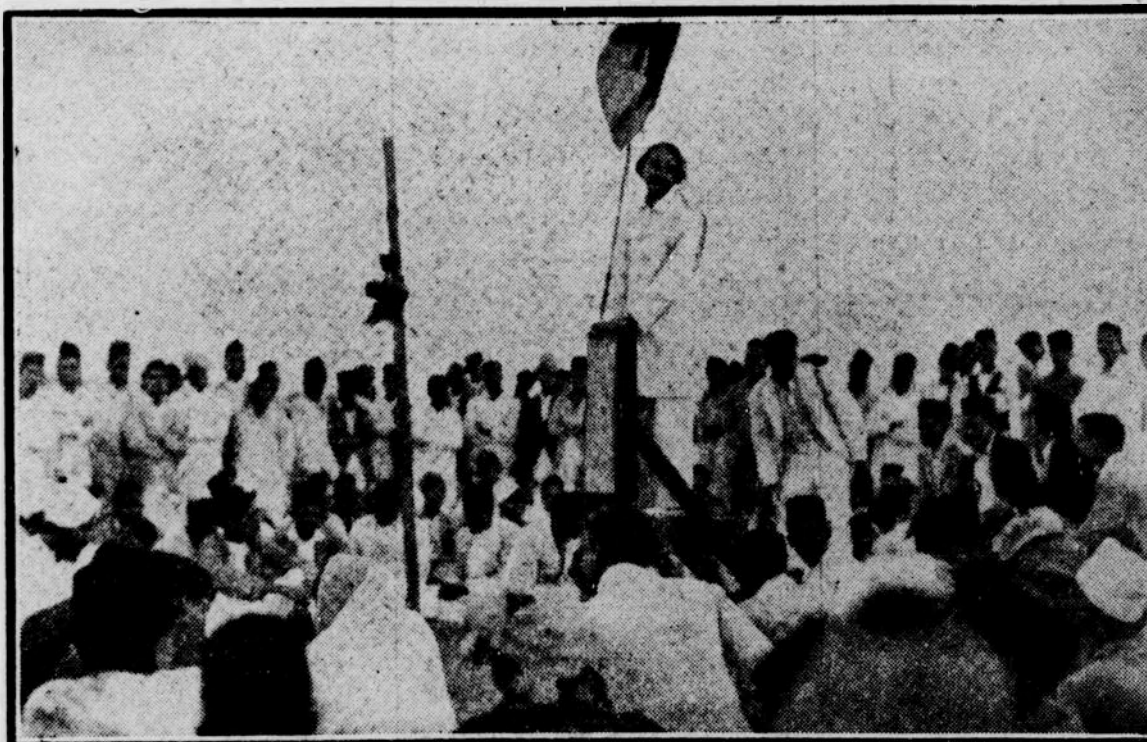
The speaker then examined the bases of Fascism and characterized it as reactionary, medievalism and a menace to progress and civilization.

Mr. Randive traced the growth of "the struggle between the haves and the have-nots." This was the struggle that Marx predicted which explained the "kick" in the resurrected Marxism of the present day. In India also the struggle was taking place.

Mr. S. V. Deshpande dwelt upon the increasing importance of the role of the Working Class Political Party in building up as the most essential condition for the victory of the toilers in the struggle for emancipation. He criticised the opportunism of many of the "Socialist" leaders who pay lip sympathy for Marxism, while distorting it and depriving it of all revolutionary significance.

Next spoke Mr. Charles Mascarenhas who, while agreeing with many of the points dealt with by the previous speakers, disagreed with the organ of power as visualised by them. He contended that the Constituent Assembly would arise in India as an Opposition to White Hall Legislation, and such a slogan was popular and suited to Indian conditions.

In winding the meeting Mr. Adhikari referred to the fallacy of the slogan of "Constituent Assembly" in the struggle of the toiling masses.



Mr. Jhabvala addressing a mass meeting of workers held on Wednesday evening at Chowpatty to celebrate Karl Marx day.

DAIRYING ON MODERN LINES

Imperial Council Forms Sub-Committee

NEW DELHI, Mar. 14

With a view to collaborating with various local bodies and drawing up detailed rules and regulations based upon up-to-date hygienic principles in dairying the first meeting of the Dairy Legislation Committee of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research held to-day decided to form sub-committees, which will visit Coimbatore, Bombay, Calcutta, La. and Karachi.

Mr. Kothawala, Government Dairy Expert and one non-official interested in dairying to be selected in consultation with the Local Government will visit Coimbatore, while Bombay will be visited by Messrs. Breen Kothawala and Azharul C. Cholia and Decca will be visited by Messrs. P. J. Gossop and W. K. Venter and Karachi by Mr. Kothawala and Sardar Lutar Singh. As regards the Punjab it was stated that the question had already been investigated by the Board of Economic Enquiry, who had issued two books on the subject.

Regarding terms of reference of the visiting sub-committees they will be supplied with a self-contained memorandum incorporating the questionnaire issued by the Council's secretary, as well as important points arising out of the replies received to the questionnaire.

The meeting further decided that the sub-committees stay in each place visited by it should not exceed a week and that it should complete its work not later than the end of June next.

INDIAN HIMALAYAN EXPEDITION CLUB

Selection Of Members Will Be Made In April

NEW DELHI, March 14.

Mr. G. D. Joshi, Organiser of the Indian Himalayan Expedition Club, which was formed last year in Delhi with the object of studying mountaineering, carrying out scientific observations and collecting valuable flora by an expedition every year, writes to say that applications have been pouring in from all parts of India and that the selection of the members will be made in the first week of April.

Applicants are requested to bring their own kit and bear their expenses. They must be of sound health and possess strong physique. Admission fee is Rs. 5 only.

It will be remembered that Pindaris glacier was visited last year and the expedition is contemplating to visit Mount Kailash (23,000 feet) during the month of April next.—United Press.

CONTEMPT OF COURT

Calcutta Editor And Printer Fined

SEQUEL TO RAJAH'S PETITION

MADRAS, March 15.

In connection with the petition filed by Mr. H. D. Rajah Justice Jackson and Justice Butler gave Judgment committing for contempt of court C. H. Witherington and Donaldson, editor and printer respectively of the "Review of India," Calcutta, fining them a sum of Rs. 100 each.

The petition was a sequel of proceedings instituted against Mr. Rajah by the police alleging that he was a dangerous revolutionary connected with a plan to kill European officials by sending them poisoned handkerchiefs and that he was bound over by the fourth presidency magistrate who ordered Mr. Rajah to furnish a security.

Mr. Rajah preferred an appeal to the High Court and got himself bailed. It was alleged by the petitioner that in November 1933 while the appeal was pending for disposal, the "Review of India" published an article amounting to contempt of court. In the course of the judgment their lordships observed that it might have occurred to the respondents that there could be no question of bail unless the proceedings were pending and no matter what false opinion or facts they might have conceived, there could be no possible justification for their saying that the court had released the prisoner to enable him to prepare poisoned handkerchiefs.

Their lordships overruled the question of jurisdiction.—A. P.

"SIYASAT" COPIES FORFEITED

Publication Punishable Under Sec. 124-A. Of Kash- mir Penal Code

JAMMU, Mar. 15.

The Prime Minister has declared forfeited to His Highness the Maharaja every copy of newspaper the "Siyasat" printed and published at Lahore and all other documents containing copies, reports or translations of or extracts from the same newspaper as it contains matter the publication of which is punishable under Sec. 124-A of the Kashmir Penal Code.—United Press.

Sapru And Calcutta University

CALCUTTA, March 15

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru who has been appointed as the Tagore Professor of Law for 1934 has intimated to the University of Calcutta that he will deliver lectures at Calcutta in the month of November or December. The University has agreed to the proposal.—(United Press).

SATYAGRAHIS CONVICTED

Six Months' R. I. For Distributing Patrikas

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 15. The case against nine Satyagrahis who were arrested on March 12 for distributing "March Day" Patrikas, commenced this morning before the City Magistrate, Mr. Sheikh.

All the accused were charged under Sections 143 I.P.C. and 18 (1) of the Emergency Powers (Press) Act.

All pleading guilty to the charge, and stated national service as their occupation.

They were sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment under each Section, both the sentences to run concurrently.

Mrs. Durga Ben Mahadeo Desai was given 'B' Class, and the others 'C'.

VICE-PRESIDENT'S CONVICTION UPHELD

Alleged He Called Presi- dent "Behoda"

NAGPUR, Mar. 15

Mr. Staples, Nagpur has passed orders dismissing a revision application filed by the Vice-president of Saugar Municipality who was convicted for using insulting language (S. 504 IPC) against the President of the Municipality in January last year and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50/ which on appeal was reduced to one of Rs. 15/.

It was alleged that the applicant called the President as "Behoda" which was equivalent to calling him a "fool". The Learned Commissioner held that the language used was undoubtedly insulting and had a very bad effect. He therefore upheld the conviction and dismissed the revision application.—United Press.

ARRESTED IN GRAND HOTEL

Tea Estate Manager Bailed Out

CALCUTTA, Mar. 14.

Mr. W. R. T. Forbes manager of the Lonsong Tea Estate at Nowgong, (Assam), was arrested at Grand Hotel on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 8,000 belonging to the Tea Garden and was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate who released him on a bail of Rs. 5,000.—United Press.

Broker's Mysterious Disappearance

LUDHIANA, Mar. 13.

The disappearance of a well-known local money broker has caused a sensation in the Ludhiana money market. It is stated that about 40 businessmen are affected directly by this disappearance.—A. P.

Arrest Warrant On Karachi Mayor

Mr. Jamshed Mehta Enlarged On Bail Of Rs. 5000

KARACHI, March 15.

A warrant of arrest issued by Mr. Fazulka, Honorary Magistrate of Ferozepore was served upon Mr. Jamshed Mehta, the Mayor of Karachi, through the City Magistrate to Karachi.

Mr. Mehta has been enlarged on a bail of Rs. 5,000/-.

It is a sequel to the complaint lodged against Mr. Mehta, under Section 420 I.P.C. (cheating).—(United Press).

SHIKARPUR MUNI- CIPAL AFFAIRS

Stir Over Enhancement Of Drainage Tax

SHIKARPUR SIND, Mar. 11.

(From Our Correspondent.)

Ever since the Shikarpur Municipality was suspended on account of malaadministration of civic affairs, there has been confusion all round. The Administrative Officer who is now in sole charge of the Municipal affairs devised to levy House-tax in order to rope in requisite funds for the administration. This created an uproar, and a reputation headed by Dewan Bahadur Murlidhar Punjabi waited upon the Governor of Bombay. An agreement was arrived at by which the intended House-tax was given up and instead the Government asked for a contribution of one lakh of rupees by the citizens up to the fixed date towards the Municipal funds.

Recently the citizens completed one lakh and sent a cheque to Mr. D. W. the Administrative Officer, but he has returned back the cheque it appears there have been some misunderstandings with regard to the conditions. The citizens have now sent the cheque to the Government of Bombay. The Administrative Officer on the other hand has proposed, to raise the Drainage-tax much above the rate hitherto contemplated by the Government in view of the agreement arrived at, a Bombay. This has created great commotion and the decision of the Bombay Government is anxiously awaited.

HYDERABAD CITY & SULTAN BAZAR

Nizam's Govt. Sanctions Amalgamation

HYDERABAD, (Deccan), Mar. 14.

The Nizam's Government has accorded sanction for amalgamation with Hyderabad City Municipality of Sultan Bazar (Residency) Municipal Board with effect from April 1.

This announcement was made at a meeting of the Corporation held last evening, Raja Pengal Venkatrama Reddy presiding. Since the condition of the Residency bazar on 14th May last year, the municipal administration of Residency areas has been carried on by the then existing Municipal Board which has completed its term of office.—A. P.

U. P. Govt's Rural Broadcasting Schemes

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 14.

In view of various schemes of rural broadcasting now under consideration by the Government in the various provinces, special interest attaches to the experimental transmissions to be carried out by the Allahabad University.

There will be a test transmission on Saturday, March 17 between 8 p.m. and 10 p.m. on a wave length of 75 metres and a good programme is being arranged.—A. P.

Under the auspices of Jamat Taalmal Islam of Subhannadi, Jhang District a public meeting of Tusiims was held to protest against the article on Prophet Muhammad appearing in the "Pearson's Weekly".

WILL NOT STOP AT RURAL PROBLEMS

Bengal Governor On Function Of Board Of Economic Enquiry

CALCUTTA, Mar. 14.

Welcoming the members of the newly constituted Board of Economic Enquiry, which held its first meeting at Government House this morning, His Excellency Sir John Anderson hinted that although they would be asked to consider the problem in the first instance, their function would not be limited thereto. His Excellency said that it would range over the whole of the economic life of the province.

His Excellency invited the support of enlightened public opinion and said: "You are so far as I am aware the first body of its kind to be set up in India. I venture to predict that it will not be long before the example is followed in other parts of India."

RURAL INDEBTEDNESS

It is understood that the meeting discussed the question of rural indebtedness and formed different subcommittees to go into the subject and find out means of relieving it by means, if possible, of a rise in the price of agricultural commodities.—A. P.

SELECT COMMITTEE & GOVT'S RIGHTS

Assembly President Clears Constitutional Point

NEW DELHI, Mar. 15.

Before resuming the debate on the Cotton Textile Protection Bill the President made a statement in the Assembly with regard to documents and said that the information placed before the Select Committee was being made available to the House.

The President said that unless otherwise specifically directed by the Assembly meetings of Select Committees would be held in the precincts of the House and the meetings would be private and no strangers would be admitted to it. Under standing order the Committee could hear a special witness and representatives of interests concerned, and it could not have greater powers than what the House itself employed under the existing constitution. It followed therefrom that Government had a right to place before Select Committee only such papers as they desired and Select Committee could not compel them to produce documents which Government themselves were unwilling to disclose.

The Committee of this House could not have any information which could not be disclosed to other members of the House, therefore copies should be printed of all papers placed before the Committee and made available to all the members. Similarly all evidence tendered before it should be available to members. No proceedings of the Select Committee should be published in the press unless they were presented to the House and the evidence should be treated as published unless witnesses specifically desired a portion or the whole of their evidence to be treated as confidential. Members were at liberty to refer to documents of the proceedings etc. on the floor of the House.—A. P.